MARCH.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,
CONTAINING
The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats and Dak Companies, Bullock Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern and Western India, &c.
WITH A COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
BOMBAY:
Printed and Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.
PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,565—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1889.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

APOLLO HOTEL, BOMBAY

THIS LARGE and COMMODIOUS HOTEL commands an unrivalled VIEW of the HARBOUR, and is open to the breeze on all sides. It has excellent accommodation for Families and Bachelors. The Culinary arrangements are in charge of a first-class FRENCH CHEF.

Within easy reach of the principal Public Buildings and Clubs, and close to the Apollo Bunder.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

	Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	Friday, 1889.
†	SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	15th Mar.
BL	SHANNON	4189	800	C R. Edwards	22nd ,,
ML	ORIENTAL	5500	1000	E. Stewart	29th ,,
*	ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne.	29th ,,
BL	PEKIN	3900	600	P Harris	5th Apr.
†	SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	12th ,,
BL	KAISER-I-HIND	4029	700	R. F. Briscoe	19th ,,
†	ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	26th ,,
BL	GANGES	4206	800	T. J. Aldertan	3rd May.
†	SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	10th ,,
BL	PENINSULAR	5500	1000	H. Wyatt	17th ,,
†	ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	24st ,,

The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

The steamer marked ML proceeds direct to Marseilles and London. Passengers for Brindisi change steamers at Aden.

* This vessel proceeds to Aden only.

In addition to the above, the following special steamers will be despatched to London, calling at Marseilles and early application for accommodation is advisable.

Vessel.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	On 1889.
BOKHARA	2955	500	W. J. Nantes	30th Apr.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

A steam-barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing, to convey passengers on board.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	On 1889.
NIZAM	2735	500	T. F. Creery	14thMar
CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	28th ,,
PESHAWUR	3927	600	L. H. Moule	11th Apr.
SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester.	25th ,,

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan direct, every fortnight.

For further particulars, apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 9th March, 1889.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES, and from GENOA on dates given below.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 or First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE:

Steamer.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
R. RUBATTINO	5,000	800	1st Apr. '89.	1st May 1889
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th Apr. '89.	20th May ,,
D. BALDUINO	5,000	800	10th May '89.	10th June ,,
MANILLA	5,000	800	1st June '89.	1st July ,,

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey *viâ* Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
BORMIDA	On the 8th April, 1889.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 10th Mar. 1889.

AUSTRO LLOYD'S HUNGARIAN S. N. Co.

MONTHLY LINE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
AMPHITRITE	L. Lemecich	4,600	650	5th April.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger.	4,600	650	5th May.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150
RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS:—	1st Class.	2nd Class.	
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.	

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey, from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 22nd and BRINDISI on the 24th, of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

EXTRA STEAMERS TO TRIESTE DIRECT.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To Sail.
BERENICE	F. Egger	3,500	500	25th Mar.

STEAMERS TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To Sail on
PANDORA	G. Costanzo	3,500	550	10th May.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowa, Suakim, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
ANDORA	G. Costanzo	3,500	550	16th Mar.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 9th March, 1889.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LA BOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 15th March, 1889, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian steamer Homeward bound, and the steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months, delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.

A Steam Launch will leave the Apollo Bunder, at 1 p.m., on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on Board.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

THE S. S. CLAN FORBES, 2,150 tons, Commander R. G. TAITT, will sail for LIVERPOOL direct, on or about the 19th instant. This steamer has excellent accommodation for a limited number of First-class Passengers.

For Rates of Passages, &c., please apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 7th March, 1889.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse, shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST PORTS.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 20th March, at noon, calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandvie *en route*, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "KILWA," 1,554 tons, at 11 a.m. on 17th March, after arrival of Outward English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "PATNA," 1,797 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 21st March, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S. S. "JAVA," 1,465 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 20th March, at 9 a.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KERBELA," 1,978 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 6th April.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "BUSHEER," 862 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 16th March.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 14th March, 1889. Agents.

STEAM.
CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *viâ* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
Bancoora	288	On or about 1st April 1889.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 23rd February 1889.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DRY PLYMOUTH GIN.

TREACHER and COMPANY solicit a trial of this famed Spirit, which, from its PURITY and PALATABLE FLAVOUR, is establishing for itself a favourable reputation.

Cash Rs. 21 per dozen.

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER'S
LIGHT PILSENER BEER,
BRIGHT AND SPARKLING,

POSSESSES good body and colour, with an excellent flavour; it has not that weak and watery taste which characterizes so many of the so-called Light Beers.

Bottles, Rs. 6 per dozen; per Case Rs. 23, Cash.
Half Bottles, Rs. 4 per dozen; per Case Rs. 23, Cash.

TREACHER & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

DEVONSHIRE CIDER,
(FOSTER'S VERY PRIME QUALITY),
a the Drink for this Weather.
Quarts, per doz., Rs. 8; Pints, per doz., Rs. 5-8.

SOLE AGENTS:
TREACHER & CO., Limited,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

EDUCATION.

MR. F. M. BUCKLAND, M. A.,
(ETON AND UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, OXFORD.)
PREPARES PUPILS for the Public Schools. Terms 100 Guineas Per Annum. Laleham, Staines, Middlesex.

SMOKERS
Who are in search of a really
GOOD TOBACCO
AT A
MODERATE PRICE
will be glad to have their
ATTENTION
drawn to the following
CHOICE BRANDS,
PREPARED BY
J. NEUBERG,
BOMBAY,
whose name is a sufficient
GUARANTEE
FOR THEIR
GENUINE CHARACTER,
HIGH QUALITY
AND
UNIFORM GOODNESS.

		Rs.	a.
"1888" Mixture	per 1 lb. tin	3	12
Do. do.	,, ½ ,,	2	0
"Golden Block" Mixture	,, 1 ,,	3	4
Do. do.	,, ½ ,,	1	12
"Rifle" do.	,, 1 ,,	2	0
Golden Birds' Eye	,, ¼ ,,	0	14
Golden Fleece	,, ½ ,,	1	12
Virginia Honeydew	,, ½ ,,	1	12
Latakia, Finest Syrian	,, ½ ,,	1	12

WARRANTED fresh, pure and sound.

J. NEUBERG,
MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

A LIFE POLICY.
For Rs. 10,000
May be effected at the following rates with the
QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.
Per Month.

At age	25	Rs. 24-7-9
,, ,,	30	,, 26-9-9
,, ,,	35	,, 29-4-9
,, ,,	40	,, 32-6-4

KILLICK, NIXON, & Co., General Agents.
J. H. SYMINGTON, Secretary.

TREACHER & COMPANY'S UNEQUALLED SCOTCH WHISKY.

per doz. CASH. Rs.	as.			per doz CASH Rs.	as
24	0	Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky	...	24	0
		A blend composed of matured Whiskies from the most renowned Distilleries in Scotland.			
24	0	Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky	...	24	0
		The Cream of Scotch Whiskies.			
24	0	Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky	...	24	0
		Softened and matured by Age.			
24	0	Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky	...	24	0
		Pure, wholesome, possessing great flavour.			
24	0	Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky	...	24	0
		Guaranteed to be distilled from pure malt, and free from any smoky or objectionable flavour.			
24	0	Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky	...	24	0
		Consists of the finest Whiskies selected from those distilled during each fine Barley season.			
24	0	Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky	...	24	0
		Highly commended by Connoisseurs for its Fullness, Fragrance and Mellowness.			
24	0	Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky	...	24	0
		Of uniform quality at all times.			
24	0	Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky	...	24	0
		The Butting, Bonding, and Blending is carefully attended to by practical men at Treacher and Company's Scotch Agency, and is one of the chief secrets of the success of the article.			
24	0	Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky	...	24	0
		Highly recommended as a stimulant by many eminent Physicians.			
24	0	Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky	...	24	0
		Is supplied to upwards of one hundred and fifty Regimental Messes, Clubs, and Co-operative Societies.			
		Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky			
		Can be supplied direct from Treacher & Co.'s Wine-Cellars, Byculla, in 2 and 4 Gallon Jars, Quarter-Casks, Hogsheads and Puncheons.			
		Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky			
		Special terms for quantities to the Trade, Messes, Clubs, and Co-operative Societies.			

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
WINE MERCHANTS.
BOMBAY. BYCULLA AND POONA.

PHILLIPS AND COMPANY, LD.,
The House For

THE TRAVELLER'S RESTORATIVE SALINE.—Delightfully effervescing and cooling. Re. 1.
"GORGINA" for Ringworm, Dhobi's Itch, and other skin diseases. As. 8.
"DR. EASTON'S" PILLS.—Preferable and more efficient than Easton's Syrup. Re. 1.
"ATLANTIC" SEA SALT.—A sea bath for one anna in one's own house. As. 14.
"PHENYLE"—The soluble and most efficacious disinfectant. As. 6 and 12.
ELIXIR OF CASCARA SAGRADA for constipation, useful in dyspepsia. Re. 1.
QUININE WINE made with true Medicinal Wine and Pure Quinine. Re. 1-4.
"COCA" CHAMPAGNE: Finest Champagne combined with the sustaining properties of Coca Leaves Per doz qts. Rs. 50; per doz pts. Rs. 27-8.

POONA. Temple House, Camp and Bhoodwar Peith, City. } PHILLIPS & CO., LD. { BOMBAY. Oriental Bank Buildings and Byculla Bridge.

GENTLEMEN'S HOSIERY.
IMPORTED FROM THE BEST MANUFACTURERS ONLY.

ALL our Goods are well fashioned, of the best qualities procurable, and being specially manufactured for Indian wear will not fail to give every satisfaction.

BANIANS OR UNDER VESTS.

		Rs.	a.
SUPER GAUZE MERINO, Half Sleeves, Medium Weight and cut low in the Neck. Very generally worn	6 for	23	0
EXTRA SUPER MERINO—Very Light	,,	30	0
THE GENUINE INDIA GAUZE, half Silk and Merino	,,	45	0
SUPER SUMMER MERINO, half Sleeves and heavier in make than any of the above	,,	30	0
GREY MERINO, with long Sleeves, a Stout, Warm, Durable Vest and suitable for Cool Climates	Each	8	8
STOUT SCOTCH LAMBSWOOL, with Long Sleeves, very warm and soft and suitable for Gentlemen returning to Europe in the Cold Season			

DRAWERS OR UNDER PANTS.

		Rs.	a.
STRONG BROWN COTTON TRUNK DRAWERS, Fitting close above the Knee, a Capital Drawer for Riding	per pair	5	0
VERY SUPERIOR FINE COTTON LONG DRAWERS, Double Seated, very strong and comfortable in wear	,,	8	8
THE GENUINE INDIA GAUZE, half Silk and Merino	,,	10	0
SUPER WHITE MERINO PANTS, fitted with Belt Bands and Double Seated	,,	8	8
GREY MERINO PANTS, Stout Warm and Durable. For Cold Districts or Home Wear	,,	8	8
STOUT SCOTCH LAMBSWOOL, very warm and soft. For Cold Climates or Home Wear	,,	8	8

N.B.—For Banians—Size of Chest required. For Pants or Drawers—Size of Waist required.

ASQUITH, LORD & WHITMORE,
GENTLEMEN'S HOSIERS,
BOMBAY.

GENUINE AND PURE WINES
(STOCKS IN BOMBAY.)

MADEIRAS, 8 qualities, from the celebrated "Blandy" Stock. From Rs. 20 to Rs. 50 per doz. quarts.
PORTS 6 ,, ,, Hooper Brothers, Oporto. From Rs. 18 to Rs. 28 per doz. qts., Pints Rs. 2 extra per case.
SHERRIES 6 ,, ,, Manuel Gaztelu e Yriarte, Cadiz. From Rs. 18 to Rs. 27 per doz. quarts.

The above Wines are all CAREFULLY and SPECIALLY SELECTED for the Indian Market.

SAMPLE BOTTLES FORWARDED ON APPLICATION.

Full particulars, prices, and terms from
R. RAMCHANDRA AND CO., Apollo House, Fort, Bombay,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

BY APPOINTMENT TO
H. E. LORD REAY,
H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT,
AND THE
VICEROY OF INDIA.
P. VUCCINO & CO.,
PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS,
58, MEADOW STREET, FORT.
STUDIO OPEN FOR PORTRAITURE
from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LD.,
WATCH MANUFACTURERS, &C.,
OF BOMBAY AND POONA.

SEND their WATCHES, at their risk, for their net value by V. P. Post all over India and Burma, and to ensure every satisfaction to the purchaser they offer the option of exchanging the Watch if not approved of, provided it is returned within two days of its receipt. The Watches specially recommended by Mr. MARCKS personally from their enormous stock are the following:—

Each Watch is supplied in a Case with Spare Glass and Main spring:—

	Rs.
The Popular Watch, good value, goes well, Keyless, Crystal face	15
The Keyless Lever, medium size Watch do. do.	22
The Celebrated "Campaign Watch," sound Lever, Crystal-faced, as used by hundreds of Officers	35
The Keyless Lever Crystal-faced Watch, excellent in performance	50
The same works in Hunting case	60
The finest, strongest Keyless Lever Railway Watch, 2-inch diameter, in substantial Silver case	85
The Half Chronometer Silver Crystal-faced Watch, warranted maximum variation 1 minute per month	140
The Gold Half Chronometer, a durable Watch with Crystal front	250
The same as foregoing, in Hunting case	280
The highest class of Chronometer Keyless Watch, in very heavy Gold Crystal case, maximum variation ½ minute per month	375
The same as foregoing, in very heavy Hunting Gold case	420

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD
BOMBAY, 43, Esplanade Road. POONA, 1, East Street.

TO ALL OWNERS OF HORSES & DOGS. | KEMP & Co.'s ALTERATIVE CONDITION POWDER is acknowledged to be the best possible Medicine for quickly putting on flesh and producing a fine and glossy coat. Per bottle, Re. 1-8.

KEMP & CO.'S STRENGTHENING IRON POWDER. | Specially beneficial during the hot weather, when the Horse suffers from Lassitude and Depression; generally producing an immediate change, *restoring condition and life*. Per bottle, Rs. 2-8.

SORE BACKS, GIRTH GALLS, &c. | KEMP'S HEALING POWDER for abrasions in Horses, Cattle, &c., was used with perfect success in Afghanistan by the Transport Authorities, and excels all other remedies for these affections. Per bottle, Re. 1.

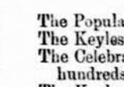
SKIN DISEASES. | KEMP'S AKEODERMA—A Liniment of remarkable efficacy for the cure of Skin Diseases and Pachydermatous Animals generally, restores Hair, heals Sores, removes Scars, and produces a beautiful coat and healthy state of Skin. Per bottle, Re. 1.

INSECTS ON ANIMALS. | KEMP'S CAUCASIAN INSECT POWDER is absolutely indispensable for Domestic Pets, Birds, Dogs, Cats, &c., can be kept free from Fleas, &c., by the use of this powder. "Safe, efficacious, and economical." Per tin, 12 as., Re. 1-6 and Rs. 2-8.

UNHEALTHY SORES, &c. | KEMP'S CAMPHORATED CARBOLIC ACID, painted or dropped on the part for ulcerous or unhealthy Sores, establishes a healing tendency immediately, and a rapid cure is effected. Per bottle, Re. 1.

FOUL ODOURS FROM STABLE LITTER. | KEMP'S CARBOLIC POWDER (10 per cent.), manufactured with Special Machinery recently erected; containing a guaranteed 10 per cent. of Carbolic Acid, will effectually destroy any effluvia arising from neglected litter, making the Stable sweet and fresh. Per cwt. Rs. 7, per ton Rs. 130.

KEMP & CO., LIMITED, BOMBAY.



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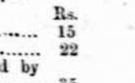

HOME-GOING SEASON, 1889.

THORPE AND CO.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

HAVE a LARGE CHOICE of USEFUL REQUISITES for TRAVELLERS by SEA or LAND, priced moderately for Cash.

	Rs. a.	Rs. a
Deck Suits for Morning Wear		8 0 to 16 8
Travelling Suits		30 0 to 35 0
Warm Suits Cheviot, &c.		45 0 to 55 0
Warm Overcoats or Ulsters		48 0 to 55 0
Best White Shirt Bands	each	4 4
Do. do. Collars	,,	4 8
Best Oxford do.	,,	5 0
Best Flannel and Silk Wool		7 8 to 8 8
Cardigan Jackets, very warm		10 0 to 12 8
Dressing Gowns		10 8 to 25 0
Warm Lamb's-Wool Undervests	each	6 0
Do. do. Pants	pair	6 0
Brown Cotton Socks	per doz.	8 8
Superior Merino Socks	do.	15 8
Very Warm Lamb's-Wool Socks	do.	25 0
Ribbed Hand-Knitted Socks	do.	30 0
Knicker-bocker Hose, Hand-Knitted	pair	3 8
Gauze Merino Undervests	per ½ doz.	12 0
Extra Superior Gauze Vests	do.	15 0
Stout Merino Vests	each	5 8
Stout Merino Pants	,,	6 8
Gauze Merino Pants	,,	6 8
Warm Gloves	,,	1 8
Warm Mufflers		2 8 to 3 0
Travelling Caps	from	3 0
Best Tweed Hats		4 8
Best Linen Collars, all shapes	per doz.	6 8
Best Linen Cuffs	,,	10 0
Overland Trunks, best make,	from	27 0
Solid Leather Portmanteaux		40 0
Railway Portmanteaux		13 0
Tan Canvas Courier Bags		8 0
Soiled Linen Bags		5 0
Gladstone or Expanding Bags		28 0
Solid Leather Dressing Cases, fitted complete	from	13 8
Travelling Baths, with inside Basket	from	25 0
Travelling Canteens, fitted complete	from	25 0
Ladies' Air-tight Dress Boxes, in Cases		28 0 to 38 0
Ladies' Sun Hats		5 0
Overland Chairs		4 0

	Rs. a.
Money Belts, Solid Leather, with two Pockets	5 8
Money Belts, Pockets all round	from 2 8
Block Tin Collar Boxes	3 8
China Grass Slippers	1 0
Morocco Slippers	3 8
Brown Leather Slippers	2 12
Brown or White Canvas Shoes	5 8
Cholera Belts, best Flannel	2 8
Woven Cholera Belts	2 12
Champagne or Soda-water Taps	2 12
Marine or Saltwater Soap per packet	1 0
Eau de Cologne with wicker cover	3 0
Assorted Perfumes per bottle	2 8
Travelling Pillows each	1 8
Resais or Quilts from	5 0
Scotch Mauds and Rugs	15 0
Cambric Handkerchiefs per doz.	5 0
Metal Soap Boxes from	1 8
Sponges 1-8, Sponge Bags	1 8
Rug Straps	1 8
Leather Purses	2 0
Sovereign Boxes	2 0
Razors, ready for use	2 0
Shaving Brushes	2 0
Nail Brushes	1 0
Tooth Brushes	0 8
Hair Brushes	4 0
Military Hair Brushes in leather case	10 8
Nail Scissors from	1 8
Penknives ,,	15
Vulcanized India-rubber Baths	
Hold-alls with Strong Leather Straps ,,	9 8
Waterproof Dressing Cases, Holding Sponge, Tooth, Hair and Nail Brushes, &c.	6 8
Silber's Patent Water Bottles each	10 8
Carbon Pocket Filters	4 8
Waterproof Coats	7 8
Air Pillows and Cushions	4 8

Celluloid Collars, Cuffs, and Shirt Fronts.

THORPE AND CO.,

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY,
A BLEND of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON and ISLAY,
Is a Rich, Mellow, and Soft Spirit, Genuine and Wholesome.
One of the best Whiskies imported into this country.
Per dozen, Rs. 24; Single bottle, Rs. 2. Jars at Rs. 11 per Gallon. Jars extra.
SPECIAL TERMS TO HOTELS, CLUBS, AND OTHER LARGE CONSUMERS.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

BADHAM, PILE & Co. LD.
BOOT AND SHOE MAKERS.

THIS important Department is under the immediate supervision of a thorough experienced Bootmaker from a First class West End House. All ORDERS for REGULATION, HUNTING, NEWMARKET, POLO, RACING, DRESS and UNDRESS WELLINGTON BOOTS will be executed in the latest style and best West-end finish. Correct cut and accurate fit guaranteed.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD.,
BOMBAY, POONA, AND SECUNDERABAD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER .....MR THOS. HUDSON.
The Evening Resort for Pleasurable Pastimes!
SOCIETY'S REUNIONS.
CONTINUED TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS
Of the Renowned and Only
HUDSON'S SURPRISE PARTY,
The Purveyors of Foot-light Pleasantries.

THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING, MARCH 15,
GRAND COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT
TENDERED TO
MISSES NELLIE HARLEY & ADA WALKER,
The Favourite Soprano Vocalist and Serio-Comic Artistes,
MONSTER PROGRAMME.
THE MAGICIANS OF THE EAST
(FROM COLABA.)
Who will expose the Bird Cage Trick, the Growth of Flowers, the Travelling Egg, the Sphynx Mystery, &c.
MISS MAY HABGOOD
Will play Ascher's Grand Paraphrase, on Meyerbeer's Opera "Dinorah" introducing the "Shadow Air."
HUDSON'S Banjoistic Effusions, &c.
MISS NELLIE HARLEY
And MISS ADA WALKER will sing "I know a Bank."
MONS. PROVO,
The Marvellous Juggler and Balancer.
The Amusing Sketch,
YOU DON'T SAY SO,
MISS NELLIE HARLEY
In her Serio-Comic Pleasantries.
MISS ADA WALKER,
The Brilliant Soprano, will sing the Beautiful Song, "THE WOOD NYMPH'S CALL."
The Evening's Entertainment to conclude with another of Hudson's Roaring Sketch.
THE SKELETON WITNESS &c, &c.

AND OUR POPULAR PRICES ARE
Rs. 3, 2, 1, and 8 Annas.
Reserved Seats SOUNDY & Co., Smiling begins 9 p.m.
C. S. SANDERSON,
Business Agent.

NOTICE.—TO-MORROW EVENING, SATURDAY. Our New PROGRAMME will be the Best of the SEASON, introducing the Great Toy Symphony Maskeleyne and Cook's Mysterious Cabinet from the Egyptian Hall, London; The Man Monkey, the Missing-link; Miss HABGOOD'S Wonderful Imitation of the Scotch Bag-pipes on the Piano; The Crushed Tragedian, &c., &c., &c.

THE EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED on SATURDAY, the 16th instant, being a PUBLIC HOLIDAY under "the Negotiable Instruments Act 1881."

COOK'S
POPULAR HARBOUR EXCURSIONS.

THE s. s. "GODAVARI" will leave the Apollo Bunder on SATURDAY next, 16th inst., at 8-30 p.m., for a Moonlight Cruise round the Harbour. See Handbills.

Band and Refresh ments on Board.
Tickets, ONE RUPEE, from
THOMAS COOK & SON.

JOHN JONES, OF 338, STRAND.
GOLD AND SILVER
WATCHES.
JAS. McCABE, OF ROYAL EXCHANGE,
GOLD
HUNTING AND OPEN CASE
WATCHES.
Moderate Prices.

CHUBB'S BOX AND LOCK MART,
37, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay.
ESTABLISHED 1847.

NOW READY.
BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.
Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12.
Single Copy .....Annas 4.
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart-Row, Fort.

NOW READY.
THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.
The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece-Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagements.
Annual Subscription in advance.... Rs. 10
Single Copy .....Annas 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart-Row, Fort.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA
AND
INDIAN MIDLAND RAILWAYS.

NEW THROUGH ROUTE
BETWEEN
BOMBAY AND THE NORTH-WEST, AND OUDE, AND THE PUNJAB.

BY the opening of the INDIAN MIDLAND RAILWAY, the GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY is brought into more direct communication, WITHOUT BREAK OF GAUGE, with most of the large Cities and with the Districts of Northern and Central India. And these places are also brought into more direct communication with Western and Southern India.
From Bombay to many of the principal centres of trade the G. I. P. and the Indian Midland Railways are now the shortest, cheapest and quickest route.
All descriptions of Passenger and Goods Traffic are booked over this new route between the Stations on the Great Indian Peninsula, and the Indian Midland Railways, and all other Stations that are reached by Railways in India.
Through First and Second Class Carriages run daily between Bombay and Agra and Tundla, and between Bombay and Cawnpore, and Reserved through Carriages of all classes can be secured to any place reached by this route.
The arrangements under which the Peninsula and Oriental Steam Navigation Company book through from London and other Cities in England to most of the Cities in India, and under which Messrs. Thomas Cook and Sons book through between many of the principal Cities in Great Britain and the Continent of Europe and the principal Cities in India, apply to this new Through Route of the G. I. P. and Indian Midland Railways.
Further particulars as to the through routes and fares, and information for travellers as to places of interest, which may be visited on the journey, can be obtained from the Time and Fare Books and Tariffs published by the Railways, or upon enquiry at the Offices of the G. I. P. and Indian Midland Railways, 3, New Broad Street, London, and at the G. I. P. Offices, Victoria Terminus, in Bombay, and the Indian Midland Offices at Jhansi, North-West Provinces.
WILLIAM B. WRIGHT.
Traffic Manager, I. M. Railway.
HENRY CONDER,
General Traffic Manager, G. I. P. Railway.
Bombay, the thirteenth of March, 1889.

SUN FIRE OFFICE.
ESTABLISHED 1710.

POLICIES opened on WAREHOUSES and SHOPS, MERCHANDISE, DWELLINGS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and other insurable property in Bombay and Mofussil at current rates, by
BENN, ASHLEY, & Co., Agents.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1803.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,200,000
PAID-UP.....£ 300,000
TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS over.....£1,600,000

POLICIES of INSURANCE against FIRE upon Houses, Mills, and other Buildings, Household Furniture, Goods, Wares, and Merchandise in Bombay and up-country issued, on behalf of the above Company at most favourable rates, by the Undersigned, from whom all particulars may be obtained.
BENN, ASHLEY, & Co., Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

Lessee, Director & Sole Proprietor....MR. H. STANLEY.
CROWDED NIGHTLY!
LAST NIGHT! TO-NIGHT. LAST NIGHT!!
OF THE SUPERB ORIGINAL PANTOMIME,
ENTITLED
PRINCESS CHERRY-BLOSSOM
OR
HARLEQUIN YELLOW DWARF
ON A SCALE OF MAGNIFICENCE
SURPASSING ANYTHING EVER WITNESSED IN THE EAST.
GRAND TRANSFORMATION SCENE,
REPRESENTING THE
FOUR SEASONS,
PRICES OF ADMISSION AS USUAL.
Doors open at 8-30 p.m. Overture at 9 p.m.
Navy, Military and Volunteers in Uniform, Half Price to Pit and Stalls only.
Box Office open at SOUNDY'S Music Warehouse, where Plan can be seen and Seats secured for the Season or for any night during the Season.

SATURDAY NEXT.
GRAND MID-DAY PERFORMANCE.
For the convenience of Families and Schools.
Native Servants and Children half price to all parts of the Theatre.
Doors open at 2-30. Commence at 3 o'clock.

SATURDAY NIGHT.
ST. PATRICK'S EVE.
By Special Request.
"THE COLLEEN BAWN."
Mr. H. STANLEY in his Grand Impersonation of MYLES NA COPPALEEN
with SONGS and JIG.

BASEL "MISSION" (BALMATHA)
TABLE-LINEN, TOWELS, COUNTERPANES, TROUSERINGS, COATINGS, &c.
WEBSTER'S SHIKAREE CLOTH,
Very celebrated, and suitable for Hunters, Engineers, and for travelling purposes.
The demand for this material is increasing year by year.
Ginghams, 27 and 34 inches wide, to stand washing, in checked, striped, and mixed patterns, for Ladies' and Children's Dresses.
Can be had from the DEPOT, No. 27 Hummum Street.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Cheque, No. 313-228489, for Rs. 25,000 (twenty-five thousand rupees) dated the 13th instant, drawn by Messrs. DAVID SASSOON & Co., on the Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, in favor of the Underaigned or Bearer was LOST between Forbes Street and Elphinstone Circle, shortly after it was received by the Undersigned. Payment of the Cheque has been stopped, and any one negotiating the same will do so at his own risk.
જેરામ શીવજી,
i.e., JAIRAM SHEWJEE.
Bombay, March 14, 1889.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying forty-nine Military Messes and fourteen Clubs with the finest Vintage WINES from the following well-known Houses:—
PAGE AND SANDEMAN, Pall Mall, London.
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LANSON PERE ET FILS, Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET & Co., Epernay.
HEIDSICK & Co., Rheims.
AYALA & Co., Chetean d' Ay.
ERNEST IRROY, Rheims.
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VAN ZELLERS & Co., Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG, Worms-am-Rhein.
NATHANIEL JOHNSTON & SONS, Bordeaux.
A. DE. LUZE ET FILS, Bordeaux.
JAMES CATHCART & Co., Leith., N.B.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co., London.
HUNGARIAN GOVT. CELLARS, Budapest.
H. T. CRESWELL & Co., Gibraltar.

Price List on Application
to
PHIPSON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

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UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
ESTABLISHED 1834.
ACCUMULATED FUNDS
£1,500,000.

Revised rates for India on all description of Assurances.
☞ SPECIAL ATTENTION is directed to the Society's Excellent Annual Cash Bonus Scheme.
The Annual Cash Bonuses paid during the last Half Century average over 45 per cent. of the Premia paid.
No other Company in India can render such a Record of Substantial Cash Bonuses paid annually to its Policy-holders for a period of Half a Century.
ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES form a special feature of the Society's business.
A MONTHLY premium of Rs. 67 (age next birthday 36) *secures payment of* Rs. 10,000 to the assured on attaining the *age of* 50 or before in case of death.
For particulars apply to
KING, KING & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries,
Bombay Branch

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.
FIRE LIFE AND MARINE.
CAPITAL—£2,500,000.
FUNDS EXCEED—£1,950,000.

THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous rates on the shortest notice
WALLACE & Co., Agents,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

GUARANTEES AGAINST EMBEZZLEMENT.
INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE: ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.
Funds in Government Securities and remain in India.

THE Association provides security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.
For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Secretary.

HISTORY
OF
THE PARSIS
INCLUDING
THEIR MANNERS, CUSTOMS, RELIGION AND PRESENT POSITION
BY
DOSABHAI FRAMJI KARAKA, C. S. I.
With coloured and other Illustrations.
IN TWO VOLUMES.
PUBLISHED BY
MACMILLAN & Co., LONDON.
BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE. BOMBAY

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BOMBAY GAZETT Office.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 8 lines, Rs. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

CEYLON TEA, as used at the Byculla Club, Bombay Club, Yacht Club and Club of Western India, Poona. Sample tins of 4 lb. obtainable at the Offices of PHIPSON & Co.

DOLLS! DOLLS!!—For Everybody at every Price, both Dressed and Undressed, largest Assortment, any Firm can boast of Cheapest House.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

R. NOWROJEE,
DOMESTIC SERVANT SUPPLIER,
Church Gate Street.

NOW in Hand, Ditmar's Vienna "Lightning" Lamp—105 Candle Power. Lamp Warehouse, R. DITMAR, late Theodor Knaust, 69, Esplanade Road.

AN EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the E. and A.-I. Association of W. I., will be held THIS EVENING, at 5-30, at the Rooms of the Association.

A SALE of Useful and Fancy Articles will be held in the Wesleyan Methodist School Room, Colaba, on SATURDAY, March 16, from 12 a. m. till 6 p.m. Admission free.

FOR SALE.—A Handsome Pair of Grey ARABS, thoroughly broken to Harness and Saddle. Also a Brown Waler Riding HORSE, Trained in the Royal Artillery School, Kirkee. For price, &c. Apply to CHARLES LUMLEY, Mazagon Castle.

MRS. R. J. PETTIGREW, LADIES NURSE and MIDWIFE, Diplomaed and Certificated from the Grant Medical College, Bombay.—Address 10, Elphinstone Circle, near Cathedral Girls' School.

SALESMEN WANTED.—For Hardware and other Miscellaneous Goods. Must have good references for Character and Experience, and good connections.—Address, with particulars, to "*B. & Co.*," care of this paper.

WANTED.—An Experienced Native WEAVING MASTER, for an Up-country MILL.—Apply to "V. D.," care of this paper. Salary Rs. 100.

WANTED.—A European OVERSEER to superintend Building Works in Bombay. Apply, with testimonials and stating salary expected, to SIRDAR'S AGENCY, Apollo Bunder.

WANTED.—In the Fort a loose Box Stable and space for small DOG-CART.—Apply to "J. F.," *Gazette* Office.

TO LET.—Large and Well-furnished Bungalow, Cragie Burn, Matheran, for the Hot Season 1889.—Apply to "DADABHOY HORMUSJEE & Co."

THE STANDARD LIFE OFFICE is one of the four British Life Offices which according to the latest returns, have issued OVER ONE MILLION, NEW POLICIES during the Past year. Reduced Rates for India.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY, and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1889. Cloth bound. Rs. 5, postage, 4 annas.

PEARSE'S RESTAURANT, Church Gate Street, Fort.—BREAKFASTS, TIFFINS, DINNERS, at moderate prices.

LANSON'S CUVEE DE RESERVE CHAMPAGNE, in Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON & Co., Sole Agents.

FOR SALE.—An ELECTRIC LIGHT DYNAMO, in thorough Good Order, capable of ghting 16 Lamps; 12 horse power. Apply to "A. B.," re of *Bombay Gazette*.

TOYS, DOLLS in great varieties, Mechanical Toys, Musical Toys, Inkstands, Decanters, Speaking Animals, Tin Toys, Magic Lanterns, &c., &c., —MORENAS & Co., Ice Confectioners.

FOR SALE.—A Consignment of GOOD MACHINE BLACK PRINTING INK, in 50 lb. drums, English Manufacture. For price, &c., apply to "X.," at this office.

CRICKET KIT.—Bats, Cobbett's Full Cane Rs. 10, Duke's Rs. 8-8, The "Sear" Rs. 11. Balls—Lilly white's Match Rs. 3-10, Duke's P. Kd (Crown) Rs. 3-12, Match Rs. 3-6.—WRIGHT & Co., Mint Road, Fort.

CYCLOSTYLES (Gerstetner's patent). Prints on a slab 8½ inches by 6 inches. Very useful for printing circulars, etc. Price, Rs. 15. To be had at the *Gazette* Office.

GRIFFIN'S SPARKLING ALE, as supplied to the B. I. S. N. Co. and other Companies. In splendid condition, just landed. Rs. 5-8 per doz.—Agents PHIPSON and Co.

CRESTS and MONOGRAMS, engraved on stone by a special artist, and mounted as Signet Rings, Seals, &c., in a few days notice.—MARCKS and Co., Ld., Bombay or Poona.

TO LET.—A Well Situated and Well Furnished BUNGALOW, on Malabar Hill. For particulars, apply to "X. Y. Z.," care of *Bombay Gazette*.

RUGBY HOTEL, MATHERAN, is the most Comfortable, Central and Accommodative Hotel on the Hill. It affords all the comforts of a home,. Charges moderate.

LAYS OF THE LAW—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great poets; by W. E. H. PRICE Re.1-8; postage, anna 1.

PHOTOS by FRED. AHRLE are unequalled in Finish, and are made of the best materials obtainable, and they are reasonably priced. STUDIO, Esplanade Road, opposite Bombay Club.

FOR SALE.—A Second-hand DOUBLE ROYAL MACHINE, of Comnisbee's Improved Mains Patent, by Harrild and Sons, London, in good working order, prints a forme of matter 40 by 27, size of table, inside bearers 46 by 37 inches.—Apply to "Z," care of this paper.

LIVERPOOL DRIVING BITS, also Snaffle Double Snaffle, Pelham, Weymouth, New Market and great variety of Bits too numerous to describe, always in stock.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD., Rampart Row, Bombay.

JUST opened a Fine Selection of Fancy Serge Coating, Fancy Angolas, Black and Brown Felt Hats, Tweed Hats and Caps, &c., prices most moderate.—JOHN MAHOMED & Co., Tailors and General Outfitters, 16, Meadows Street, Bombay.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

WONDERLAND NATIVE ART POTTERY WORKS.—Native Designs—Medals:—Paris 1878, Amsterdam 1883, Calcutta 1884, Antwerp 1885, London 1886.—Address: The CLERK, Wonderland Art Pottery Works, Esplanade, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—DEMY EXPRESS LITHO-PRINTING MACHINE, (QUITE NEW) by Messrs. Furnival & Co., London, fitted with recent improvement and two sets of Rollers, complete. Steam or hand. For particulars, &c., apply to "IMPORTER," care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

SERIOUS REFLECTIONS and other CONTRIBUTIONS by the late GEORGE ABERIGE MACKAY under the *nom de plume*, OUR POLITICAL ORPHAN. Cloth bound. Rs. 2-; Postage, 4 annas

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY
GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on sums of Rs. 500, and upwards.
For 3 months 3 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 4 " "
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GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any circle of payment and approved cheques on CALCUTTA and MADRAS received.

THE CYCLOSTYLE
(GERSTETNER'S PATENT.)
TO BE SOLD.

A SMALL Consignment of CYCLOSTYLES (Gerstetner's Patent), complete with ink roller, inking board, pencil, and a supply of prepared paper, in case. Size of slab: 8½ inches by 6 inches.
PRICE, Rs. 15 EACH.
Apply *BOMBAY GAZETTE* Office, ALBERT BUILDINGS.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

SALE OF (40) DAMAGED BAGS OF RICE.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 15th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Carnac Bunder, by order of Mr. Dewchund Khatow, and on account and risk of the underwriters—
(40) bags rice damaged, ex s.s. Colaba, marked DK.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Arthur Crawford Market, on SATURDAY, the 23rd inst., 1889, at 11 a.m., the right of collecting fair ground and feeding fees from cattle dealers, butchers, and all others at the Bombay Municipal Slaughter Houses, Bandora, for 12 months, from 1st April 1889 to 31st March 1890, squatters' fees in the Fort Market, Arthur Crawford Beef Market, Arthur Crawford Fish and Mutton Markets, Erskine Road Fish and Mutton Markets, and Pedder Market, Mazagon, from fresh and salt fish sellers, &c., who sit on the floor or other places not numbered, either in line or outside under the eaves of the markets and collecting fees for weighing goods at the scales of the Arthur Crawford Markets, for 12 months, *i.e.*, from 1st April 1889 to 31st March 1890.
For particulars and conditions of those sales respectively, apply at the Municipal Commissioner's Office, Fort, or the office of the Superintendent of Markets, Arthur Crawford Markets, or the undersigned. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, March 15, 1889.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 5, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF CONGO RED YARN.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 15th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, by order of the concerned and on account and risk of Vulubram Moolackchand, the 1st purchaser.
ex s.s. City of Canterbury and Belgravia.
N D B—1-15—15 bales 900 bundles congo red yarn, No. 40s.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 16th instant, Messrs. BENNETT & Co, will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods.
AT 3 P.M.
1 handsome strong high-wheeled dog-cart, in very good order.
1 second-hand strong mail-phaeton, in good order.
1 powerful bay Arab, 11-2, goes in harness, very quiet.
1 handsome strong English-built glass-fronted miniature brougham, in very good order.
2 Aden cows and 1 Jafferabad buffaloe, all in foal, also 3 calves.
1 roan colour waler horse, aged about 7 years, goes, well in harness.
1 second-hand English-built circular fronted brougham, in very good order.
1 pair of handsome fast trotting grey Arab horses, 14-3, quiet in harness.
1 set of plated mounted double harness.
1 handsome strong English-built mail phaeton, convertible into a waggonette.
1 handsome strong chesnut gelding, height 15-1, aged, quiet to ride or drive.

TO BE SOLD on THURSDAY, the 28th instant, at 1 p.m., the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, Limoges China, 1 dinner service for 12 persons, Minton tea and coffee sets, Dresden and Worcester China table ornaments, crown Derby dessert service in travelling case, complete glassware for 12 persons, Minton chamber sets, Japanese, China and English ornaments, new cooking stove with utensils, household requisites of every kind, including English cooking utensils, ice pail, &c., mostly new, lawn mower, climber garden plants, including 21 roses and 6 dozen violets just imported from England, a pair of bay Arab well known in Bombay, driven without blinkers by a lady also go in single harness and saddle, a mail phaeton, set of English double harness with Dutch collars, nickel plated fittings, little used, set of double harness with collars, the property of Colonel HIBBERT, Warden Road, Breach Candy.
BENNETT & CO
Bombay, March 15, 1889.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE STREET.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 18th inst., at 2 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms:—
10 bales grey shirtings.
10 " dhoties.
5 cases print.
10 bales grey drill.
1 case Cordroy flannel.
2 cases 80 pieces trousering.
1 mahogany cottage pianoforte.
1 D. B. B. L, C. F. gun, by E. M. Reilly, with implements in case.
1 single-barrel carbine.
1 " Snider rifle, in case.
On account of the concerned, ex. s.s. Berenice—
1 cases, each 3 doz., Vienna bentwood chairs.
By order of Da'abhoy De'wral, and on account and at the risk of Abdool Aziz Shirajoodeen of Deihi—
5 cases, 500 doz., slip burners, ½ inch.
On account of the concerned—
F O H—25 cases each, 1 cwt Patias currants,—
AT 2 P.M.
1 handsome light victoria.
1 " dog-cart.
1 " English-built brougham.
1 light English-built buggy.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF SUPERIOR FLANNEL, CASHMERE COATING, ALPACCA, AND SHIRTINGS.

On TUESDAY next, the 19th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at their rooms—
5 cases 180 P's silk finish flannel.
1 " black and colored alpacca.
3 " 36 p's birds-eye cashmere.
1 " 20 p's black and blue coating.
1 ", plain check and stripe shirtings.

AUCTION SALE of Arab Horses at the Stables of Shaikh Essa bin Curtas, Bellasis Road, Byculla.
On WEDNESDAY next, the 20th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the stables of Shaikh Essa bin Curtas, close to Messrs. Ludha Ebram and Co., Bellasis Road—
A number of Arab horses, the property of Arab dealers preceding to their native country.

SALE OF Machinery, Engines and Boiler of the Wool Cleaning Factory, lately known as Perseverance Mill, at Tank Street, near Duncan Road.
On SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Tank Street (if not previously disposed of by private contract), the machinery of the cleaning factory, consisting of—
One 18 horse power double cylinder engine, one 12-horse power single cylinder engine, 25 by 6½ feet steel boiler, with pipes, 60 by 2½ feet chimney, 2 complete and one incomplete wool cleaning machines, 2 wool openers (one complete), 1 teazer (incomplete), 1 willow, corrugated iron shed with pillars, water tanks, shaftings, pulleys, old grinding stones, platform scale with weights, beam scale with weights, taps and dies, wheels, blast fan, 2 small sheds, one tiled and the other iron roofed, &c., &c.
The whole will first be put up in one lot, and if no reasonable offer is made, then the same will be sold in separate lots, and the property will be on view a week before sale.
On SATURDAY, the 30th March, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Baboola Tank Road, Mazagon, opposite Byramjee Hall, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best electroplated-ware by Elkington, rich crockery and glass-ware, a first-rate harmonium by Alexandre, a handsome canee-shaped open carriage, by Stephens, a strong grey Arab horse, table sewing machine, China flower vases, pictures, carpets, Hink's table and hanging lamps, &c., the property of E. G. CABRAL, Esq.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before sale.
CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, March 15, 1889.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.,
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

FICHU BROOCHES.

LIGHT, delicate, and playful variations in PINS, HEARTS, and DARTS TRANSFIXED INSECTS, ARROWS, HORSE-SHOES, FLOWERS, a long succession of quaint adaptations from which an acceptble present can be selected
MARCKS AND CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

A LECTURE READ BY
PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER
(In pamphlet form)
Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*,
Annas 2. Post free.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

HURJEEMULL AND CO.,
INDIAN JEWELLERS,

HAVE always on hand all kind of Jewellery Cashmere Shawls, Rampore Chudders, Foolkaries, and many other Indian Goods. Our revised price-lists of our stock to be had free by post.
Address: RAMPART ROW and MEADOW STREET, Bombay.

PERMANENT SETTLEMENT for the DEKKHAN: by W. WEDDERBURN, Bombay Civil Service. Price, 8 annas; Postage, 1 annas.

NOTICES.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs JOHN DICKINSON and Co. London, specially for Indian Markets.
To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ARTICLE CUT COPRA in bags will be tested for tonnage on TUESDAY, the 19th March, 1889, at 3-30, p.m., at the Godowns of Messrs. Ralli Brothers, Carnac Bunder, when th cattendance of those interested is invited.
By Order of the Committee,
JOHN MARSHALL,
Secretary.
Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, 12th March, 1889.

NOTICE.
LANSDOWNE HOTEL,
QUETTA.
APPLY TO MANAGER.

FOR SALE.

THE PATENT RIGHTS in Eleven Valuable Patents for the Presidency of Bombay and the Central Provinces. Worked with energy and a sufficient Capital there is over A CRORE OF RUPEES PROFIT to be obtained from the working of these Patents. Apply at No. 5, COLABA CAUSEWAY, where Specifications and Drawings can be inspected, and other particulars obtained.

THE SASSOON SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, Ld.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of Rupees (20) Twenty per Share, free of Income-tax for the Half-year ending 31st December, 1888, declared at the Adjourned SIXTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company held on MONDAY, the 11th instant, will be paid to the Shareholders whose names stood on the Register on the 7th instant, at the Registered Office of the Company No. 8, Forbes Street, Fort, on and after FRIDAY, the 15th instant, between the hours of 11 a.m., and 3 p.m.
Shareholders are requested to produce their Share Certificates when applying for their Dividend.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
DOSSABHAI EDULJEE,
Secretary.
Bombay, 11th March, 1889.

THE LAKHMIDAS KHIMJI SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an ADINTERIM DIVIDEND of Rs. (30) Fifty per share, for the Half-year ended the 31st December, 1888, will be payable on and after FRIDAY, the 15th March, 1889, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 27, Apollo Street, Fort, between the hours of 12 noon and 3 p.m., to those shareholders whose names appear on the Register on the 5th March, 1889, on production of Share Certificates.
The Transfer Books of the Campany will be closed from the 5th to 13th March, 1889, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board of Directors.
લખમીદાસ ખીમજી સન્સની કંપની,
i.e., LAKHMIDAS KHIMJI SONS & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
Bombay, 26th Feb. 1889.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
ASHES FOR SALE.

THE Agent is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (Gunfire), on WEDNESDAY, the 20th instant, Tenders for the purchase of any number out of 5 lots of ASHES, now lying in the Locomotive Works Yard, Parel, and at Byculla, where the same may be viewed on application.
All lots purchased to be removed within One Month from date of acceptance of Tender.
Tenders will not be entertained unless made upon the Company's form (to be obtained from the undersigned) and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 250 as security for the due fulfillment of the engagement, failure in which will entail forfeiture of the deposit without the necessity of the Company having to prove any loss by the transaction.
Full payment must be made promptly on notification of acceptance of Tender and before delivery is made.
The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.
ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 12th March, 1889.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT No. 253 OF 1887.
PRANJIWANDAS SAMULDAS and another..Plaintiff.
vs.
GOVIND RAMJI.....Defendant.

THE Undersigned as Attorneys for the Receiver appointed herein invite offers for the purchase of two vacant pieces of land situate on either side of and in very close proximity to the Mahim Station of the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway.
The piece of land situate on the east of the station, admeasures 28,418 square yards or thereabouts and is well adapted for a large Mill. A portion of the land has been quarried upon, and this would serve the purpose of a tank or at any rate facilitate the digging thereof.
The other piece which is situate on the other side of the said station admeasures 12,795 square yards or thereabouts, and on account of its situat on is admirably suited for a chawl or range of buildings.
Offers in writting and under seal should be sent to the Undersigned on or before Monday, the 8th day of April next, after which day no offers will be entertained. Each offer must be accompanied by a deposit of Rupees 500.
For farther particulars apply to the Undersigned at their office No. 91, Meadow Street.—Dated this 7th day of March 1889.
MANSUKHLAL DAMODAR AND JAMSETJI,
Attorneys.

DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES HEAD & SONS, TO ORDER AND REPAIRS
COACH-BUILDERS.
LONDON, Gloucester Road, Steam Works, CHERTSEY.
Queen's Road, BOMBAY, Opposite Churney Road Crossing.
The only practical European Carriage-builder in Bombay.
English-made Carriages in Stock at exceptionally low rates.

BREADALBANE
CREAM SCOTCH WHISKY
£10,000 GIVEN AWAY TO BUYERS OF A BOTTLE,
Shipped by Alex. Ferguson and Co., Glasgow.
Particulars from all Wine Merchants, Storekeepers, and Spirit Dealers.
Wholesale Agents: F. FISCHER & Co., Bombay.

GREATEST IMPROVEMENT IN ELECTRICITY!
GASSNER DRY CELL.

WE have acquired the MONOPOLY for India of this New and Unequalled Battery.
Important to Telegraphs, Telephones, Railways, Steamship Companies, Government Field Telegraphy, and All Users of Electric Bells, Telephones, Medical Batteries, &c.
No Chemicals! No Liquids!
No Drying! No Corroding! No Creeping!
No Glass! Nor Porous Cell! No Smell!
Always Ready for Immediate Use!
Can be used in Any Position!
No Technical Knowledge required!
Twice the Power of a Leclanché!
If cut in two Each Piece will ring a Bell!!
Cells supplied to the General Post Office, London, in 1886, are still in use.
F. FISCHER & CO.,
Sole Importers.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY, LIMITED.,
EDISON—BRUSH—GRAMME—JABLOCHKOFF.

ESTIMATES given for Electric Lighting of Towns, Clubs, Palaces, &c., on the Newest Systems Material always in stock. Prices greatly reduced.
F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents for India.

NOW READY!
PRICE ONE RUPEE.
THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE DIRECTORY FOR 1889.
POPULAR EDITION.

Containing Useful Information,—Official Directory, Mercantile Firms,—Steam Navigation Companies,—Harbour Steam Ferries,—Boat Fares, Bombay Harbour, —Tramway Fares,—Foreign Parcel Post, &c.,—Foreign Money and Exchange Tables,—Street Office Directory,—Bombay Medical Union,—Public Offices and Institutions,—Municipality,—Distribution of the Bombay Army, &c., &c., &c.
NOW READY, PRICE ONE RUPEE.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.
HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL...£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£800,000
LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.
LONDON OFFICE—32, THREADNEEDLE STREET, E. C.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVID

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Y. M. C. A., lecture by Dr. McDonald, 8-30 p. m.
Gaiety Theatre, Stanley's Opera Company, 9 p. m.
Novelty Theatre, Hudson's Surprise Party, 9 p. m.

VESSEL ARRIVED.—The Berenice (s), arrived yesterday from Calcutta.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Chilka (s), for Mauritius ; Goa (s), and Colaba (s), Calcutta and Coast ; Nizam (s), China ; Sir Lancelot (ship), and Simla (s), Calcutta.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Karachi and Sind per extra s.s. Labourdonnais will be closed at the General Post Office at 1 p. m. this day.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s.s. Suez entered and the s.s. Abkar left the dock on Wednesday ; the s.s. Thibet entered and the s.s. Nizam left the dock yesterday.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—Western India Lawn-Tennis Championship. Singles.—Semi-Final, A. B. Sangster beat A. E. Barton : 6-3 : 6-2. Final, A. B. Sangster plays A. K. Oliver.

POLO.—There will be a game to-day commencing at 4-45. Stripes.—Mr. Prevost (capt.), and Messrs. Venables, Dixon, Lock, and Daunt. Whites.—Capt. Hodgkinson (capt.), Capt Tufnell, and Messrs. Campbell, Nathan, and Steele.

BOMBAY INSTITUTE FOR DEAF MUTES.—The Committee of the Bombay Institute for Deaf-Mutes acknowledge with thanks the receipt of Rs. 100 from the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Jardine, per his Grace the Most Rev. Dr. Porter, Archbishop of Bombay.

THEFT AT STONE BUNDER.—Ramjee Caujee, a muccadum residing at Stone Bunder, reported to the police on Wednesday, that some gold ornaments, valued at Rs. 534, had been stolen from a drawer in his house. Property to the value of Rs. 474 has been recovered, but the thief is still at large.

PICK-POCKETING.—Yesterday at the Fort Police Court, Ubboo Soobrajee was charged before Mr. C. P. Cooper with stealing a purse containing a penknife and a 4-anna piece from the pocket of Cassidass Rowishunker while at the Bhoiwada Market yesterday morning. The accused was arrested while in the act of committing the deed and handed over to the police. He was convicted and sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the Gloster Regiment will play the following programme of music at the Yacht Club this evening at 6 o'clock :—

Selection	Pepita		Lecocq
Valse	Pastoral Songs		Basquit
Selection	Nebucodonosor		Verdi
Valse	Blumender Lust		Gung'l.
Reminiscences of Ireland			Godfrey
Polka	Bonne Bouche		Waldteufel

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY.—The regular monthly meeting of the G. C. M. Society was held in the College Library on Tuesday, the 12th inst. Dr. J. C. Lisboa, president, in the chair. There were present :—Drs. Cowasji Hormusji, Dadabhai Jamasji, Dorabji Hormasji, R. N. Khory, C. J. Rodrigues, M. D. Cama, D. B. Master, B. S. Shroff, E. C. Tookina, and Temulji Bhicaji Nariman, the honorary secretary. The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed. Dr. Dadabhai Jamasji read notes of three cases of Fungus Foot of India or Mycetoma.

FATAL FALL FROM A WINDOW.—An inquest was held by the coroner yesterday at the J. J. Hospital into the circumstances attending the death of a woman named Fatmabai, aged 45 years. Deceased lived in a loft above the second storey of a house on the Bhendy Bazaar Road. On the 5th instant about 8 p. m. deceased, while looking out of a window of her house overbalanced herself and fell on to the street below, sustaining severe injuries to her head and other parts of her body, from which she died on Wednesday. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

FIRE.—A fire broke out about half-past 2 o'clock yesterday morning in a buffalo stable, situated in Ghogari Mohola, belonging to Hajee Kadur Rahimtola On the alarm being raised the neighbours, aided by the police, rendered prompt assistance and extinguished the flames in a short time, but not before the roof of the stable was partly burnt. The Pydownee steam fire-engine was soon on the scene, but it was not used, a hose being attached to a hydrant, by which the fire was completely extinguished. The origin of the fire is not known, and the damage is estimated at Rs. 35.

IMPORTATION OF HUNGARIAN HORSES.—The steamer Berenice from Trieste, brings 19 Hungarian horses, most of which are for Mr. J. S. Tellery of Delhi and intended for some rajahs. The trade in these horses have of late increased, partly on account of their beauty and reasonable price and partly on account of the moderate freight charged by the Austro-Hungarian Lloyds, with a view to encourage the trade. A special feature this time is that the horses are accompanied by two Hungarian grooms, who, in their smart Csiko costume, attracted considerable attention at the Victoria Dock and along the road.

HUDSON'S SURPRISE PARTY.—It is rather astonishing to find what an extensive repertoire Mr. Hudson's clever little company has. Twice each week the programme is entirely changed, and each bill is as good as the other. To-night there will, no doubt, be a large crowd. The brilliant soprano, Miss Ada Walker, and that most charming of serio-comic artistes, Miss Nellie Harley, are to have a complimentary benefit, and considering the favourites they have succeeded in making themselves, it will be strange if they do not get a bumper house.

THE RIPON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.—An extraordinary general meeting of the members of the above company was held at the company's registered office, No. 9, Hornby Row, Fort, yesterday, under the presidency of Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee Jejeebhoy, when it was proposed by Mr. Rustomji N. B. Jejeebhoy and seconded by Mr. Raghunath N. Khote, C. I. E., "that the changes in the articles of association passed at the extraordinary general meeting held on 23rd February last be and are hereby confirmed." After the customary vote of thanks carried to the chairman, the meeting was dissolved.

SERIOUS ASSAULT.—Charles Wilson, a guard on the G. I. P. Railway, was charged before Mr. P. Ryan at the Girgaum Police Court for having voluntarily caused hurt to Benjamin Lack by means of a dangerous weapon, and Edward Boyle with aiding and abetting in the commission of the said offence. His Worship, no doubt, considering the youth of the defendants, fined the first accused Rs. 50 and the 2nd Rs. 35, binding over the first accused in his own recognizance to keep the peace for six months. The evidence given showed that the complainant was unjustifiably and cruelly assaulted with a chopper and other dangerous weapons. Rs. 70 of the fine, if recovered, is to be paid to the complainant as compensation for injuries sustained.

COOK'S MOONLIGHT EXCURSION.—Messrs. Cook and Son have made arrangements to give another of those charming evening cruises round the harbour by moonlight to-morrow. The Godavari is announced to leave the Apollo Bunder at half-past eight sharp. It will be remembered that on the last occasion, in order that the beauties of the harbour might be the better seen, the electric lighting of the steamer was dispensed with. This was evidently appreciated, and to-morrow evening again there will be no electric light. Independent altogether of the charming spectacle presented by the harbour under the moon and the lights of the ships which dot its waters, it is most pleasant, after the heat of the day, to enjoy, for a short time the cooling breezes on the sea.

TWASTA KASAR WEDYOTEJAK MANDALI.—On the evening of the 13th instant, the Twasta Kasar Wedyotejak Mandali presented an address in the *Sabha Mandap* of Shri Kalikadevi at Pydownee, to Mr. Balkrishna Gopaljee Tabin, who is general contractor at Hyderabad (Deccan), a life member of the institution, and who has come down to Bombay in connection with the marriage of his son. The chair was occupied by Mr. Shanker Damodur, managing clerk to Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani. The address, which was couched in complimentary terms to the guest, was read by the secretary of the Mandali, and it was then duly presented to Mr. Balkrishna in a sandal-wood casket by the president. Speeches suitable to the occasion, were made by some members, and the ceremony terminated after the distribution of *pan supari* &c., to the gathering.

FATAL ACCIDENT ON BOARDSHIP.—An inquest was held by the coroner yesterday on board the s. s. Pandora, lying in the Victoria Dock, respecting the death of Ranoo Appa, aged 35 years. Deceased was a day labourer employed on board the s. s. Pandora. He worked on board that vessel discharging and taking in cargo with a gang of 15 other labourers on Wednesday up to midnight. The labourers, after working up to midnight, left the vessel and went home. At 6 o'clock yesterday morning the boatswain of the ship on taking off the hatches of No. 2 hold found the deceased lying dead upon some iron ballast. His head and face were covered with blood and he had a cut across the top of his head. Deceased was not noticed by any of the other labourers when they were leaving the ship at midnight on Wednesday. The verdict was that the death of Ranoo Appa was caused by injuries received by an accidental fall into the hold of a ship.

THE HOLI HOLIDAY.—At the rising of the Court for tiffin yesterday a written request was made to the Hon. the Advocate-General to move before the Hon. the Chief Justice for sanction of the Holi Holidays on the 16th and 18th instant as the Prothonotary had notified only for the 16th instant. The holidays were needed and they are always allowed two days, viz., Falgoon Sud 15th and Vud 1st, which dates this year fall on the 16th and the 18th instant, and that were most urgent and observed by Hindus in general. The learned Advocate-General referred them to the Prothonotary to be presented to the Hon. the Chief Justice; and Mr. Orr, the Prothonotary, at about 3-20 returned the petition with the remark : "I have submitted the petition to the Hon. Sir Charles Sargent, and he has decided that the Courts on the Original side must sit on Monday as usual. The petition was presented by the Prothonotary in chambers.

KIDNAPPING A MAHOMEDAN GIRL.—Yesterday at the Girgaum Police Court two Mahomedans of the weaver caste, named Poivo Russoobux and Pai Mahomed Joomun were charged by Inspector Holdway before Mr. P. Ryan with having on the 3rd instant kidnapped a Mahomedan girl named Nusseebin, a minor, aged about 14 years, from the residence of her father, Vuzeer Javoo, weaver, Kazi Mohla, in Mahim, and also with aiding and abetting each other in the commission of the said offence. The two accused, it appeared, enticed the girl away to Matoonga, and from thence, they conveyed her in a victoria to Bhendy Bazaar, they then rented a room in a chawl at Hoozria Bazaar, Byculla, where she remained, the two accused representing the girl to the landlord of the house as their sister. On the matter being reported to the police, the two accused were hunted down and arrested. It was then discovered that, after enticing the girl away, they took from her all her silver ornaments with the exception of her earrings and pledged them with a Marwarree. The prisoners, on pleading guilty to the charge, were each sentenced to twelve months' rigorous imprisonment.

A JAIL BIRD IN TROUBLE AGAIN.—Mahomed Cassim *alias* Ismail Moosakhan, against whom there appeared a register of three previous convictions, was again yesterday charged by Inspector Holdway before Mr. P. Ryan, with stealing three *sarrees*, valued collectively at Rs. 10, the property of Yenkoobai, and two other Hindoo women living at Doorgadevi and at Lower Mahim. On Sunday night Yeukoobai left her *sarree* hanging on a line in her front room, and while she was away at the back yard, the accused entered her room and walked away with the *sarree*. On the theft being reported to the police, the accused, who was known to them as a bad character and he having been seen loitering about that locality, was arrested on suspicion. Upon further enquiries the stolen *sarree* was recovered from a Marwarree with whom he had pledged it, and also found eight other stolen sarrees pledged with the same Marwarree belonging to other Hindoo women residing about Byculla, Doorgadevi, and Lower Mahim. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge, and on admitting his previous convictions, he was sentenced to twelve months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE KHANDEISH SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS.

THE fifteenth annual general meeting of shareholders was held yesterday at the company's registered office, 3, Tamarind Lane, Mr. Cursetjee Manockjee Setna presiding in the absence of the chairman of the board, Mr. Vundravundas Purshotundas. The following report of the directors was presented :—

Your directors have now the pleasure of laying before you their 15th annual report of the working of the mill for the year ending 31st December 1888. From the annexed audited balance sheet and statement of profit and loss, it will be seen that the profit made during the year amounts to Rs. 52,0.9-10-6 ; to this is added the sum of Rs. 18,859-12-7, being last year's balance. Thus the available balance for disposal amounts to Rs. 70,929-7-1. The price of cotton ruled very high all the year round in Khandeish, and this accounts for the small profits made by the company during the year. Your directors propose to pay a dividend for the year under review at the rate of Rs. 50 per whole and Rs. 12½ per quarter share, which will absorb Rs. 37,487-8-0 ; to carry to the depreciation of building and machinery account Rs. 33,000, and the balance to next year's account, Rs. 441-15-1 ; total Rs. 70,929-7-1. The 9 ring frames ordered out last year are placed in the mill, and are now working satisfactorily. The property of your mill is issued for the sum of Rs. 4,60,000, and cotton and stores for the sum of Rs. 2,75,000. Mr. Vundravundas Purshotumdass and Mr. Goculdass Narronjee retire by rotation, but offer themselves for re-election.

The directors' report and the audited accounts were approved and adopted. A dividend of Rs.50 per whole and Rs. 12½ per quarter share for the year ending 31st December 1882 was declared, payable on and after the 19th inst. Messrs. Vundravundas Purshotmdas and Goculdas Narrondas were re-elected directors of the company. Messrs. Framjee Temooljee and Tribhowandas Venidas were appointed auditors with a remuneration of Rs. 150 each. The proceedings ended with vote of thanks to the chairman.

MILITARY NEWS.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS G. H. HANCOCK and E. R. I. Chitty will rank as lieutenants in the Staff Corps.

THE services of Colonel G. B. Simpson, S. C., have been replaced at the disposal of H. R. H. the Commander-in-Chief.

LIEUTENANT JAMES PARKER, 2nd South Wales Borderers, has been appointed a probationer for the Bombay Staff Corps.

SECOND LIEUT J. G. WESTROPP, 2nd E. Yorkshire Regt., has been admitted to the Bombay Staff Corps, with the rank of lieutenant.

LIEUTENANT W. C. LOCKHART MURE, 2nd Durhan Light Infantry, has been admitted to the Bombay Staff Corps as officiating Squadron officer, 4th Bombay Cavalry.

THE following officers have been granted leave :—Honorary Major J Murray furlough to Europe on medical certificate ; Sub-Conductor W. F. Maxfield, Europe, for six months, medical certificate ; Sub-Conductor F. Clerk, Europe, six months, medical certificate ; Sub-Conductor W. Bloss, Europe. 82 days, medical certificate ; and Sub-Conductor Orr, Europe, six months, private affairs.

DIVINE SERVICE.

SAINT THOMAS CATHEDRAL.
FRIDAY, 15TH MARCH, 1889.

8-30 P.M.—Mission Service and Sermon by the Reverend A. Goldwyer Lewis. Subject—The doctrine of the Cross.

THE following further appointments in the Political Department are notified :—Mr. P. S. V. Fitzgerald to be third Assistant Agent, Kathiawar; Captain L. L. Fenton, Fourth Assistant, Kathiawar ; Captain Kennedy to act as Third Assistant, Kathiawar ; Captain G. E. Hyde Cates, Fourth Assistant, Aden ; Captain H. M. Abud to act as Sixth Assistant, Aden ; Captain M. T. Lyde to be Sixth Assistant ; Captain J. S. Ashley, to act as Fourth Assistant, Aden ; Captain G. B. O'Donnel, to be Assistant Political Agent, Mahi Kantha ; Colonel Woodehouse to be Political Agent Kolhapur and S. M. Country ; Colonel Scott, Political Agent, second grade, Mahi Kantha ; Captain Kennedy, Second, Aden ; Major Sealy, Assistant S. M. Country ; Mr. L. P. Walsh, Third Assistant, Aden; Captain Hyde Cates, to act as Third at Aden, and Captain Ashby to act as Fifth Assistant, Aden.

Holloway's Pills.—No Mystery.—Whenever the blood is impure or the general health is impaired the human body is predisposed to attacks of any prevailing epidemic. The first indications of faulty action, the first sensations of deranged or diminished power, should be rectified by these purifying Pills, which will cleanse all corrupt and reduce all erring functions to order. These Pills counteract the subtle poisons in decaying animal or vegetable matter, and remove all tendency to bowel complaints, biliousness, and a host of annoying symptoms arising from foul stomachs. The fruit season is especially prone to produce irritation of the bowels and disorders of the digestive organs, both of which dangerous conditions can be completely removed by Holloway's corrective medicines.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE ship Sir Lancelot, 885 tons, Capt W T Collins, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, laden with salt.

THE B I S N Co's s s Colaba 1,070 tons, Capt M D Blott, sailed yesterday for Calcutta and Coast, with a general cargo and 6 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's s s Chilka 1,450 tons, Capt H W Gunning, sailed yesterday for Mauritius with a general cargo and 60 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's ss Goa, 1,231 tons, Capt R S Maclachan, sailed yesterday for Calcutta and coast with a guneral cargo and 12 deck passengers.

THE Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S N Co's ss Berenice, 1,046 tons, Capt F Egger, arrived in port yesterday from Calcutta with a general cargo and the following cabin passengers :—Lieut T B Robertson, Colonel Ramsford, Mr Alexander Thaler, Capt. Ratyman, and 6 deck passengers.

THE French s s Labourdonnais, 1,274 tons, Capt Sibilet, will sail to-day for Kurrachee with a general cargo and the following cabin passengers :—Mr P D'Jooy, for Suez ; Mr Worthington and Dr J Sylvester, for Kurrachee ; Mr and Mrs Gallois and 2 children, and nurse, Mr Besson, and Mrs Ponjanlat, for Marseilles ; and Mr Prejent, for Aden ; and 60 deck passengers.

THE CHINA MAILS.

THE P and O s s Nizam, 1,615 tons, Capt S F Creery, cloared yesterday for China and Australia with a general cargo and the China mail and the following saloon passengers :—For Melbourne—Miss Pengelly. For Sydney—Mr Anderson, Mr Wharton, Mrs Wharton and child, Mr Waterton, Mr Young, Mr and Mrs Atmore, Mr J Heywood, Mr R H Massil. For Hongkong—Mr and Mrs Berry and 7 children, Mr and Mrs Terril. For Yokohama—Mr G A Warder. For Singapore—Capt Barnet and Mr Stewart. For Colombo—Mr A King, Mr R Hay, Col Greenfield, Mr C S Harvey, Miss Butler, and Col and Mrs Drummond, infant and nurse and 2 deck passengers.

I. M. S. DALHOUSIE.

HER Majesty's I. M. S. Dalhousie, Commander C W Hewett, I. M., will sail to-morrow for Calicut, with the following officers and men of the 1st Norfolk Regt :—Capt Govans, Lieutenats Daas, Ray, Lascelles, Renwick, Bruce, Bidgood, Ballard, T. Fraser, J Fraser, Major Humprey, A. P. D, Surgeon Carleton, and 262 rank and file, 37 women and 71 children. She will leave Calicut on the 19th and will arrive Bombay on the 21st. She then leaves Bombay on the 23rd with H. E. the Governor.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—MARCH 14.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Etolia	2109	Gill	A	K. Nixon & Co.
,, Persia	2317	Hutchinson	B	W. & A. Graham & Co.
,, Henry Balckow	639	C. Doert	C	B. & P. S. N. Co.
,, Merton Hall	2646	J. Hughes	E	E. Bates & Co.
,, Hindoo	2316	J. Douglas	F	F. Muir & Co.
,, Yesso	1381	Trotter	H J	F. Muir & Co.
,, Nayanza	1421	M. Simons	K	Visram Ebrahim & Co.
,, Eden Hall	2193	Hughes	M	E. Bates & Co.
,, Clan Forbes	1590	Paitt	N	F. Muir & Co.
,, Labourdonnais	1274	Sibilet	O	M. Maritime & Co.
,, Mathew Bedlington	1385	Stainthorpe	P	J. Mackintosh & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
,, Horn Head	1558	Thompson	1	J. M. Heyn.
,, Thibet	2593	Case	5	P. & O. S. N. Co.
,, Chilka	1450	H. Gunnings	6	B. I. S. N. Co.
,, Pandora	1781	Coastanzo	8	A.-H. Lloyd's S. N. Co.
,, Drumberlie	1572	Sutherland	10	E. Bates & Co.
,, Lord Londondery	1565	Arthur	12	J. M. Heyn.
,, Gerona	1958	W. Sangster	13	J. Mackintosh & Co.
,, Suez	1397	Crockery	15	J. Mackintosh & Co.
,, Elenor	1228	H. Fill	16	

ARRIVAL.

Mar	Vessel.	Commander	From.
14	Berenice (s)	Young	Calcutta, Feb 22.

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
14	Chilka (s)	Gunning	Mauritius.
	Goa (s)	Maclachan	Calcutta and Coast.
	Colaba (s)	Blott	Calcutta and Coast.
	Nizam (s)	Creery	China
	Sir Lancelot (ship)	Collin	Calcutta.
	Simla (s)	Major	Calcutta.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Maharaja, for Calcutta and Coast Ports.
,, Oriental, for London, &c.

The following vessel obtained port clearance yesterday :—
Steamer Labourdonnais, Sibilet, for Kurrachee.

CALCUTTA.

March. ARRIVALS.
10 Austriana, ship ..McIntosh ...Liverpool, Nov 1.
Chindwara s..... Smith .....Moulmein, March 6.
Khandalla s..... Alexander...Bombay, Feb 15.
Jaoan s ..... Gardner .....Hongkong, Feb 22.
Tibre s ..... Lafont .....Colombo, March 3.

DEPARTURES.
March 10.—Steamers Commilla, Madura, Himalaya and Oriental. Ship Klio.

MADRAS.

March ARRIVALS.
11 Hartington s..... ..... Cardiff.
12 Taif s .... Bombay.
Secundra s..... ..... Negapatam.
March. DEPARTURES.
11 Kohinur s .... Bombay.
Chanda s .... Bombay.

HIGH COURT.—MARCH 15.

(Before the Hon. the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)
For Judgment.

599—Hore, C and B—Makoondas alias Oogarnam vs Shamrandas Latkandas alias Dhirajram and another,—Thakurdas D and C.
Appeals for hearing and final disposal.
605—Payne, G and S—HajiBakir Valad Shaik Saheb Fakir and others vs. Shaik Abdool Guffoor and others—Bomonji and H—Part heard.
619—Crawford and B—Raoji Vinayekrao Jugonnath Shunkersett vs. Luxmibai—Craigie, L and O.
623—Payne, G and S—Vazirbhoy Thavur vs Allibhoy Assur—Thakurdas, D and C.
624—Payne, G and S—Merally Rehmoobhoy vs Rehmoobhoy Hubibbhoy and others—Tobin and R.
(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice SCOTT.)
To speak to the minutes of decree.
262-85—Ardesir, H and D—Sherbanoo vs Sonbai and others—N and H, M L, T D and C, and Payne G and S.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.
228-88—Mansuklal, D and J—Ahmedbhoy Hubibbhoy vs Fazulbhoy Visram and another—Hore, C and B—Part heard.
330-88—Mansuklal, D and J—Padmavativahooji vs Goswami Shri Vithalesje Dwarkanathji—Jefferson, B D and K.
520-88—Mulji, B B—Gordhundas Khatao, and another vs Jerbai.
521-88—Khunderao M—Purshotum Shreerushnaji vs Dayal Heerji—D S Garud.
275-88—Jefferson, B D and K—The Hon'ble F L Latham vs Wassudeo Luxmon Craigie, L and O.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.
BOMBAY, 13th March, 1889.
Means of observations at 5 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·951
Temperature of the Air	81·0
Wet Bulb Thermometer	76·0
Dew Point	74·1
Relative humidity of Air	799
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)..	4·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a. m. next day)..	85·8
Minimum do. do (read at 8 a.m.)	75·6
General Directions of Wind.*	SSE, S, WSW, SW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	216

*From midnight to midnight.

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"ROUGH ON PAINFUL AILMENTS."
Why suffer ? Immediate relief and complete cure guaranteed. Ask for "Rough on Haemorrhoids." Sure cure for any form of haemorrhoids.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MARCH 13.

Taylor, Conductor, Madras, Ordnance Dept, on medical certificate, from Madras.
Gardiner, Store Sergt, Madras, Ord Dept, on leave, from Madras.
Henderson, Capt, Madras, R E, on duty, from Madras.
Oldfield, Lieut, Bo, R A, from leave, from Kandalla.
Wilkins, Lieut, Bo, 14th Bo I, on leave, from Bhuj.

MARCH 14.

Graham, Capt, Bl, 2nd Manchester Regt, on medical certificate, from Agra.
Gallwey, Surgn Major, Bl, Med, Staff, on leave, to Enlgand, from Delhi.
Duhan, Capt, Bl, R A, on duty, to England, from Rawal Pindi.
La Chapelle, Lieut, Madras, 10th M I, on leave, to England, from Myingyan.
Kelham, Capt, Bl, Highland L I, on leave, to England from Peshawar.
Martin, Lieut, Bl Highland L I, on leave, to England, from Peshawar.
Rush, 2nd Lieut, Bo, 3rd Bo Cavalry, on sick leave, to England, from Poona.
Eliot, Lt-Col, Bl, 4th Bo Infy, on leave, from Thausil.
Guyon, Major, Bo, Royal Fusirs, on leave, to England from Poona.
Robertson, Lieut, Bl, 2 North Fusirs, from England.
Ramsford, Lt-Col, Bl, Bhopal Battn, from leave, from England.

DEPARTURES.—MARCH 14.

Wilkins, Lieut, Bo 14th Bo I, on leave, to Yercand.
Drummond, Col, Bo Staff Corps, on leave, to England.
O'Brien, Lieut, Bo 1, N Lanc Regt, on leave to Deolali.
Ramsford, Lt-Col Bl, Bhopal Battn, on duty, to Sehore C I.

THE undermentioned officers proceeding home on leave on private affairs are appointed to do duty with troops leaving for England in H M S Euphrates, sailing on the 16th inst :—Lieut R S Gage, Royal Dub Fus ; Lieut H D E Parsons and Lieut and Qr-Mr J S Dyke, 2nd Bl West Surrey Regt ; Lieut. W De C Cayley, 2nd West York Regt ; and Lieut M H Burne, and Lieut A B Gilbert, 2nd Batt Royal Sussex Regt.

THE detachment of the Norfolk Regt, at present attached to Colaba Depot, will be embarked as follows :—2 officers, 100 rank and file, and the baggage will be embarked on board the Dalhousie from the Sassoon Dock at 2 p m to-day. The remainder of the detachment will be embarked from Sassoon Dock at 6 a m to-morrow.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS
By Lieut-Col the Hon L H Bayley, Commandant, B. V. R. C.
Bombay, March 15th, 1889.

1. Officers Commanding Companies are requested to direct their Recruits to fire their class without delay.
2. There will be Proficiency class on Wednesday next at 6 p.m. at the Volunteer Club.
3. There will be no Commandant's parade on Saturday, the 16th instant, owing to the Volunteer Athletic Sports.
4. There will be Skeleton Company drill for Proficiency class this morning at 6-30 a.m. at the Oval.

By Order,
(Sd.) H. S. B. HODGKINSON,
Captain and Adjutant, B. V. R. Corps.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

BATTERY ORDERS
By Major G. W. Roughton, Commandant.
For the week commencing 15th March 1889.

1. The proficiency class will meet at Head Quarters every evening at 6-30. (Saturday excepted.)
2. There will be gun drill in the Arsenal compound at 6-30 a. m. on Tuesday and 5-45 p. m. on Friday.
3. There will be no Class firing at Coorla on Saturday.
4. The Detachment for dismounting the 25-pr gun are requested to turn out as follows :—

Friday morning,	6-30.
Monday morniug (18th).	6-30

5. On Saturday morning, the 16th instant, the Battery will proceed to Pilot Bunder, Colaba, to continue the annual course of gun target practice. Fall in at St. John's Church, Colaba, at 6-45, a.m. Dress, helmets and uniform without arms or accoutrements. Any member who wishes will be able to fall out at 9 a.m.

By Order,
A. LESLIE, Captain and Acting Adjutant, Bo. Vol. Artillery.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette, March* 14.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for eleven months on private affairs under Rule IX of the Furlough Regulations of 1868, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—

Colonel W. H. Wilson, Staff Corps, Commissioner of Police, Bombay.

Lieutenant James Parker, 2nd Battalion South Wales Borderers, is appointed a Probationer for the Bombay Staff Corps, with effect from 1st March 1889.

The following Native promotions are made, with effect from the 9th February 1889.

1st Battalion The Bombay Rifle Regiment.

Subhedar Kasiram Baneh to be Subhedar-Major vice Witu Bagweh, pensioned ; Jamadar Basant Singh to be Subhedar vice Kasiram Baneh, promoted ; and Color-Havaldar Sayyid Husain to be Jamadar vice Basant Singh, promoted.

The undermentioned Honorary Commissioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe on medical certificate, under the Furlough Regulations of 1868, to the 6th February 1890, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—

Honorary Major and Deputy Commissary John Murray, Bombay Unattached List.

The services of Colonel G B Simpson, Staff Corps, are replaced at the disposal of H R H the Commander-in-Chief.

The undermentioned Warrant officer is allowed furlough to Europe for six months on medical certificate, under the Furlough Regulations of 1875, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—

Sub-Conductor W. F. Maxfield, Unattached List, Ordnance Department.

The undermentioned Warrant officer is allowed furlough to Europe for six months on medical certificate, under the Furlough Regulations of 1875, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—

Sub-Conductor F Clarke, Unattached List, Ordnance Department.

The undermentioned Warrant officer is allowed furlough to Europe for one hundred and eighty-two days on medical certificate, under the Furlough Regulations of 1875, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—

Sub-Conductor W. Bloss, Unattached List, Ordnance Department.

The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Bombay Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to the confirmation of the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India :—

Second Lieutenant John Gibbings Westropp, Second Battalion East Yorkshire Regiment, Officiating Wing Officer, 14th Regiment Bombay Infantry,—3rd January 1888.

Second Lieutenant Westropp will rank as Lieutenant in the Bombay Staff Corps, with effect from the 3rd January 1888, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

With reference to G O G Nos. 10 and 64 of 1889, Second Lieutenants George Henry Hancock and Ernest Richard Inglis Chitty will rank as Lieutenants in the Bombay Staff Corps from the 3rd January 1888 and 1st February 1888 respectively.

The undermentioned Warrant officer is allowed furlough to Europe for six months on private affairs under the Furlough Regulations of 1875, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—

Sub-Conductor R. Orr, Unattached List, Commissariat Department.

The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Bombay Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to the confirmation of the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India :—

Lieutenant William Caven Lockhart-Mure, 2nd Battalion Durham Light Infantry, Officiating Squadron Officer, 4th Bombay Cavalry,—3rd October 1887.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments, with effect from the date of assumption by Colonel A M Philips of the office of Political Superintendent, Savantvadi :—

Colonel H L Nutt to be First Assistant to the Political Agent, Kathiawar, continuing to act as Political Superintendent, Palanpur, till further orders.

Captain W B Ferris to be Second Assistant to the Political Agent, Kathiawar, continuing to act as First Assistant, till further orders.

Captain J. W. Wray to be Second-in-Command, Kolhapur Infantry Corps, and ex-officio Assistant to the Political Agent, Kolhapur, continuing to act as Assistant Political Agent in subordinate charge of the Southern Maratha Country Jaghirs, till further orders.

Lieutenant H D Merewether to be Assistant Political Superintendent and ex-officio Assistant Superintendent of Police, Palanpur.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments, with effect from the date of retirement of Colonel P H LeGeyt :—

Colonel G R Goodfellow, C I E, to be Political Superintendent, Palanpar (First Grade.)

Lieutenant-Colonel F M Hunter, CB, CSI, to be Political Agent, Cutch (Second Grade).

Lieutenant-Colonel E V Stace to be First Assistant Political Resident, Aden, and Political Agent for the Somali Coast.

Major J S King and Captain G E Hyde Cates respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Second-in-Command, Kolhapur Infantry Corps, on the 16th February 1889, before office hours.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Mr P S V FitzGerald to be Third Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar, vice Lieutenant-Colonel G E Hancock, whose lien on the appointment is suspended, and to act as Second Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar, till further orders.

Captain L L Fenton to be Fourth Assistant Political, Agent, Kathiawar, vice Mr P S V FitzGerald, promoted

Captain W P Kennedy to act as Third Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar, till further orders.

Captain G E Hyde Cates to be Fourth Assistant Political Resident, Aden, vice Major J S King, transferred to the Military Department, continuing to act as Second-in-Command, Kolhapur Infantry Corps and ex-officio Assistant to the Political Agent, Kolhapur, till further orders.

Captain H M Abud to be Adjutant of the Kolhapur Infantry Corps and ex-officio Assistant to the Political Agent, Kolhapur, and to act as Sixth Assistant Political Resident, Aden, till further orders.

Captain M T Lyde to be Sixth Assistant Political Resident, Aden, vice Captain F W Snell, whose lien on the appointment is suspended, and to act as Fifth Assistant Political Resident, Aden, till further orders.

Captain J S Ashby to act as Fourth Assistant Political Resident, Aden, till further orders.

Captain G B O'Donnell to be Assistant Political Agent, Mahi Kantha, vice Major J M Hunter, whose lien on the appointment is suspended.

With reference to this Department Notification No 1014 of the 8th ultimo, it is hereby notified that Colonel H L Nutt relinquished charge of the office of First Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar, on the 18th idem, after office hours.

With reference to this Department Notification No 1014, dated the 8th ultimo, it is hereby notified that the appointments of Captain W B Ferris, Captain W P Kennedy, Mr P S V FitzGerald and Major J M Hunter as First, Second, Third, and Fourt Assistant Political Agents, Kathiawar, respectively, took effect from the 18th idem, after office hours.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments, with effect from the date of retirement of Colonel H N Reeves :—

Colonel C Wodehouse, C I E, to be Political Agent, Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country, and Commandant of the Kolhapur Infantry Corps.

Colonel W Scott to be Political Agent (Second Grade), Mahi Kantha.

Major C W H Sealy to be Assistant Political Agent, Southern Maratha Country.

Captain W P Kennedy to be Second Assistant Political Resident, Aden, continuing to act as Third Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar, till further orders.

Mr L P Walsh to be Third Assistant Political Resident, Aden, and to act as Second Assistant Political Resident, Aden, till further orders.

Captain G E Hyde Cates, to act as Third Assistant Political Resident, Aden, till further orders.

Captain J S Ashby to be Fifth Assistant Political Resident, Aden, continuing to act as Fourth Assistant Political Resident, Aden, till further orders.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

The services of Colonel G B Simpson, District Superintendent of Police, Karachi, are, at his own request, replaced at the disposal of Government in the Military Department from 11th April next.

Mr R H Vincent, acting District Superintendent of Police, Shikarpur, is allowed privilege leave for three months from such date in the current month as he may avail himself of it.

Mr F C Jones is appointed to do duty as District Superintendent of Police in the Shikarpur District during the absence of Mr R H Vincent,

WESTERN INDIA
VOLUNTEER ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.

THIRD ANNUAL TOURNAMENT.

On Saturday, the 16th, and Monday, the 18th March, 1889,

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H. E. ADMIRAL THE HON. E. R. FREMANTLE, C. B., C. M. G., Naval Commander-in-Chief.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 14.

THERE has not been much movement in our local markets during the past week, business generally having continued quiet. There was a moderate enquiry for ready Cotton from exporters and local consumers in the earlier part of the week, but latterly the market has been dull in sympathy with Liverpool, and prices have given way a little. In wheat and seeds there has been but little doing for export, and the position of those markets is almost unchanged. Exchange has been steady, and rates this evening show no change from those which we quoted a week ago, but little has been passing either way. Government Paper has been quiet, but with an upward tendency upon the whole, and our rate for fours is ⅛ per cent. higher than it was last Thursday. Money continues in good demand, but there has been less pressure in some directions than has lately been the case. Freights have been quiet and at times drooping; but shipowners have been stiff in face of a rather slack demand, which has helped to restrict business. To-day, however, the market has been active owing to a strong demand from speculators for early April tonnage. There has been a little increase in the ready branch of Import business, and some slight improvement in the tone of the market generally. Indents, however, are still going forward very lowly, and mostly at unceptable limits.

MONEY.—Although financial accommodation is not obtainable on much more favourable terms than was the case at this time last week, there has latterly been an easier feeling in the market, presaging, one might opine, a return to a more normal state of things were it not that supplies of Cotton keep very heavy and the new Wheat and Seed crop should soon be coming forward in large quantities. Meanwhile the Presidency Bank's Statement issued at the beginning of the week was much more favourable than its predecessor, inasmuch as the Cash Balance showed an increase of some 23½ lakhs. This was due to an expansion in Private Deposits to the large extent of over 31¼ lakhs; and though there had been some increase in Bills discounted, and a great deal more had gone out in Loans, the net diminution in the trade demand was over 24½ lakhs. The Board made no alteration in the Bank's rates this afternoon; the minimum, therefore, remains at 12 per cent. per annum.

EXCHANGE was quiet but steady last Friday with ready rates for Bank Demand and 3 months' sight Credits a shade higher than our quotations of the previous evening, but 1s. 4 17-32d. for the former was only obtainable in one direction. Business was done in Credits at 1s. 4 21-32d. for this mail, at 1s. 4½d for the mail of the 22nd inst., 1s. 4 19-32d. for the 29th, 1s. 4 17-32d. for the 1st to 15th April, and at 1s. 4¼d. from the 15th to the end of that month. On Saturday the market opened rather weak and unsettled; but afterwards became steady, owing to Calcutta advices reporting an advance there. 1s. 4 21-32d. was going for 3 months' sight Credits early in the day, but 1-32d. higher was quoted at closing, very little business, however, was transacted. On Monday the market was steady. A few Merchants' Bills came out at Saturday's closing rates, ready and for April delivery, but business generally was dull. The market opened quiet on Tuesday at last evening's quotations, except in the case of francs, which were rather lower in sympathy with the decline in the Paris rate, and closed steady, with forward rates partially 1-32d. higher. Bank Demand was placed at 1s. 4¼d. for the mail of the 29th instant, and April Credits were at 1s. 4 19-32d. to 1s. 4 17-32d., May, at 1s. 4 17-32d. to ½d, and June delivery, 1s. 4 7-16d. There was not much business passing, however, either way. Opening quiet yesterday at the previous evening's rates, the market remained without change, and closed steady, very little business having transpired on any line during the day. At the Council Biddings in London yesterday 8½ lakhs of Bills (5 to Calcutta, 3 to Bombay, and half a lakh to Madras), were allotted at 1s. 4⅜d.; and 39½ lakhs of Wire Transfers (23½ to Bombay, 12 to Calcutta, and 4 to Madras at 1s. 4½d; and our market has kept very steady to-day, a fair amount of Merchants' Bills having come out for the next two mails at yesterday's rates. We quote at closing:—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 4¼d.	per rupee
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 4¼d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 4 19-32d.	"
Do. 4 do.	1s. 4⅜d.	"
Do. 6 do.	1s. 4 23-32d.	"
Credits 3 do.	1s. 4 11-16	"
Do. 6 do.	1s. 4 25-32d.	"
Documents. 3 do.	1s. 4 23-32d.	"
Do. 6 do.	1s. 4 13-16d.	"
Francs 3 do.	1·76½	"
Do. 6 do.	1·77½	"

The usual weekly official statement regarding Silver at the Mint gives the following figures:—

Value of Silver in the Mint on 13th March 1889	Rs. 62,08,855
Silver received during the week	25,01,246
	Rs. 87,13,101
New coin paid during the week	16,02,034
	Rs. 71,11,067
Bullion belonging to private individuals	21,78,991
	Rs. 92,90,058
Last week	93,25,921

GOVERNMENT PAPER was quiet on last mail day and weak at opening, with Fours for cash quoted at 98 3-16; but the rate subsequently hardened to 98⅛, with the next account quoted at 98 7-16 and the 30th April account at 98 13-16. On Saturday there was again a rather weaker feeling, and rates declined ⅛ to 3-16 per cent. in Fours both for money and account. During the greater part of the day 98⅛ was quoted for cash, 98 5-16 for the 30th instant, and 98 11-16 for the end of the month; but towards the close quotations were made a little lower 98, 1-16 having been the closing rate for cash. The market was firmer on Monday in presence of the improvement in the Presidency Bank's cash balance, and a general advance of 1-16 per cent. in Fours was established. At closing 98⅛ was quoted for cash, while for the next account 98⅜ to 7-16 (with buyers at the lower quotation) was the rate, and for the end of April, 98 13-16. On the following day the market was quiet and steady for a time at 98 3-16 to ¼ for Fours for cash, 98⅜ for the next account, and 98¾ for the end of April; but a weaker tone prevailed before closing, and the cash price declined to 98⅛. Yesterday the market was quiet again, but rates kept fairly ready with Four per cents for cash at 98 3-16 to ¼, for the next account at 98 7-16; and for the 30th April at 98¾ to 13-16. The Market has been firm to-day and rather higher. Fours having been quoted at 98¼ for cash, 98 9-16 for the next account, and 98⅞ for the 30th April account, which are the closing rates. For the other Paper 102⅜ to 103 nominal has been quoted throughout the week.

Five per cent. Municipal Bonds and Port Trust Bonds are unchanged at 106 and 96, respectively.

SHARES.—There has been rather more doing in this market during the past week, and in the case of Mill and Press Scrip the changes which we note, compared with our weekly quotations by last mail, are, in most cases, in sellers' favour; though in several instances the rates of Mill shares are lower than they were a week ago; Lackmidas Khimji and Queen Mill shares are Rs. 20 higher; Framji Petit, Khandeish, and Manockji Petit are Rs. 15 up; Jivraj Balloo are Rs. 12½ higher; Central India, National, Oriental, and Ripon have advanced Rs. 10; and Sholapore, Connaught and Alliance are Rs. 5 higher; Southern Mahratta have advanced Rs. 2½. On the other hand, Victoria Manufacturing and Sunderdas are Rs. 25 down; Alfred are Rs. 20 lower; Indian Manufacturing have declined Rs. 15; Bombay Cotton Manufacturing, Hyderabad Deccan and Hindostan are Rs. 5 lower; People of India and Mazagon are Rs. 2½ down. In Press Companies the Akbar are Rs. 50 higher; Apollo and New Berar are Rs. 15 up; Bellary and Freach Press have advanced Rs. 10; Harvey and Sabapathy, Mofussil, and New Indian are Rs. 2½ higher. East Indian and Fort Press shares are Rs. 25 down, and Manmar are Rs. 7½ lower. In other scrip, Bombay Flour Mills are Rs. 10 higher; Bombay Ice are Rs. 5 up; Alcock, Ashdown have advanced Rs. 2; Treacher and Co. are Rs. 15 lower. Bombay-Burma Trading are Rs. 35 higher for the first issue and Rs. 5 up for the third. Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 1½ lower.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS AND YARNS.—Very little change has taken place in this market during the past week, though for a couple of days before the native holidays there was a somewhat better feeling and rather more doing. Up-country buyers of *Grey Goods*, as a rule, have been operating in a hand-to-mouth sort of way; but they are willingly met by sellers who have been open to make some concessions in price, when it has been a question of large bargains. Stocks have remained in about the same state; and although somewhat easier terms have been named for accommodation in some cases, there is practically little or no change in this respect generally. In *Bleached, Dyed, Turkey Red, and Printed Goods* there has been no movement to speak of, the market continuing dull and weak for most descriptions. The offtake of all *Imported Goods* for the week is put down at about 2,800 packages. *Local Goods* have been quiet; rates have remained where they were a week ago; but stocks are on the increase.

YARNS.—A considerable business in *Imported Twist* has transpired during the past week, and the tone of the market is steady; but there has been no quotable change in rates. Sales of *Local Twist*, aggregating 9,800 bales, were reported from China for the week ending last Monday with Exchange at Rs. 220. This, under ordinary circumstances, would have led to a considerable increase in business here, with a general improvement on rates; but on account of the difficulty of financing just now a very slight advance has taken place, and that in 10s. only, while the sales have only reached about 3,000 bales for the week. A steady enquiry for Nos. 10s., 12s., and 20s. for the China market, however, continues, and we quote as follows:—

Twist...	...No. 6s	Mule, As.	4½	to 5 1-16 per lb.
"	" 8s	" "	5½	" 5¼ "
"	" 10s	" "	5¼	" 5⅜ "
"	" 12s	" "	5 9-16	" 5 13-16 "
"	" 16s	" "	6⅜	" 6½ "
"	" 20s	" "	6½	" 6⅝ "
"	" 24s	" "	7¼	" 7½ "
"	" 30s	" "	7½	" 8⅛ "

METALS.—In sympathy with the news of the collapse of the *Copper* Syndicate, that Metal has been dull and declining, and we quote rates for all descriptions Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per cwt. lower. A small business has also been done in *Yellow Metal*, the price of which has given way to the extent of Rs. 2½ to Rs. 3 per cwt. in a dull market. *Iron* is in little request, but the tone of the market is steady and prices are unchanged.

COALS.—There has been no change in the position of this market since the date of our last report. Powell's Duffryn has been in enquiry, and sales of about 7,000 tons, March-April shipment, have been effected at Rs. 24½ per ton. Shipments of North Country descriptions have been overdone, and re-sales of South Yorkshire per Brynglas (s) have been made at Rs. 19½ per ton alongside. Davison's West Hartley, however, keeps steady, and Importers still quote Rs. 21 per ton. No sales, however, have been reported. The market for Cardiff descriptions closes firm but weak for English Coals at the following rates:—

Powell's Duffryn Cardiff	Rs.	24½ per ton.
Nantygto Cardiff	"	23½ "
South Yorkshire	"	19½ "

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—When last mail left this market was steady with a moderate business passing; but at the end of the week, although the tone became firm, transactions were in a very small scale for the time of year. The new week opened with a quiet feeling, and not much was done till Tuesday, when considerable transactions took place in ready Cotton in a steady market, but with prices generally unchanged. Yesterday, on the receipt of telegraphic advices reporting a dull market in Liverpool, the tone here became decidedly dull also, and rates generally receded Re. 1 per candy, while business was very restricted. The demand during the week has been principally on Julgaum, which has been taken both by exporters and local spinners, to the extent of about 5,000 bales; and in other Oomra descriptions the principal transactions have been in Dhulia at Rs. 192-5, Barsee at Rs. 189-217, Pachora at Rs. 197-8, Akola at Rs. 208-8½, Indore at Rs. 197-8, and Karanja at Rs. 197½-205. Bengals have been in some request and nearly 3,000 bales have changed hands at Rs. 180-199 per candy, according to quality. Few purchases have been made in other descriptions, but a little has been done in Hinguchat at Rs. 160, and in Mowa, at Rs. 215½ per candy. Some arrival business in Dharwar for May delivery has been reported; but little else has taken place in forward contracts during the week under review. The market closed quiet this afternoon with rates Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy lower in Bengals and Oomras, and Rs. 1 to 2 higher in Broach and Bhownugger compared with our quotations by last mail.

The receipts of Cotton of this season's crop have continued on a large scale, the total for the week being 75,900 bales, compared with 54,500 bales to hand during the corresponding week last year, and the total increase in arrivals since the new season commenced has now reached 367,300 bales.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in sterling cost and freight to Liverpool, *vid* Canal, without commission, *viz*:—

New Cotton—	Per candy. Rs.	Per lb. C & F
Bengal, Fine	197 =	4 4d.
Do. Fully Good	" 186 =	4 1-32d.
Do. Good.	" 178 =	3⅞d.
Oomra, Fully Good (Good Staple)	" 215 =	4⅜d.
Do. Good	" 207 =	4 7-16d.
Do Fully Good Fair	" 201 =	4 5-16d.
Khandeish, Fully Good	" 204 =	4 3-8d.
Khandeish, Good	" 198 =	4 9-32d.
Do. F. G. Fair	" 192 =	4 5-32d.
Belatcen, Fine	" 204 =	4 3-8
Do. Fully Good	" 198 =	4 9-32d.
Do. Good	" 192 =	4 5-32d.
Broach Fine (March)	" 215 =	4 7-32d.
Do. Good	" 226 =	4 27-32d.
Dhollera Fine (April)	" 223 =	4 13-16d.
Do. Fully Good "	" 214 =	4 19-32d.
Do Good "	" 207 =	4 7-16d.
S. G. Dharwar, Good (May)	" 214 =	4 19-32d.
Westerna, Good "	" 202 =	4 11-32d.

The Arrivals of New Cotton into Bombay this season as compared with last are as follows:—

	Season. 1888-89. Bales.	Season. 1887-88. Bales.
Bengals	171,700	139,500
Berar	270,000	101,500
Khandeish	179,000	126,500
Barsi and Nugger	52,500	31,000
Hinguughaut	23,200	500
Dhollera	65,500	59,000
Broach	102,200	30,500
Sind and Persian	11,700	20,000
	875,800	508,500

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the two previous years:—

	Receipts. 1888.	1888.	1887.
For the week	76,849	54,123	47,215
From 1st Jan. to 13th March	723,536	446,587	413,365
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	43,327	59,201	30,175
From 1st Jan. to 13th March	457,486	246,839	252,603
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	906	1,456	671
From 1st Jan. to 13th March	8,135	8,615	8,248

WHEAT was firm or steady to the close of last week but with little doing for export, and only a moderate business reported from day to day. Thereafter transactions became even more restricted; but dealers advanced the price of Pessy of both qualities to Rs. 4-9-6 and Rs. 4-8-6 per cwt. respectively, at which the market remained firm; but with very little doing, other quotations being unaltered.

SEEDS.—*Linseed* declined one anna per cwt. on last mail day in a quiet market, with little enquiry for any description, and the feeling, after being dull for a day or two, has since become steady; but with only a moderate business passing. We quote this evening:—

Linseed	Rs. 6-2-0 to Rs. 6-2-6 per cwt
Rapeseed, Guzerat Yellow	" 6-14-0 to " 7-2-0 "
Do. Cawnpore	" 6-6-0 to " 6-8-0 "
Do. do. Red	" 6-4-0.

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Wheat—For the week	97,557	102,175	112,996
From 1st Jan. to 13th March	1,008,460	760,458	1,286,771
Linseed—For the week	62,941	48,928	80,121
From 1st Jan. to 13th March	374,627	384,277	421,986
Rapeseed—For the week	4,629	8,278	5,977
From 1st Jan. to 13th March	117,744	38,902	30,423
Gingelly Seed for the week	33,082	27,461	45,557
From 1st Jan. to 13th March	474,125	457,661	516,366

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

Wheat—For the week	89,771	134,860	51,044
From 1st Jan. to 13th March	1,422,122	608,009	1,469,223
Linseed—For the week	50,914	45,456	15,357
From 1st Jan. to 13th March	427,297	418,986	294,134
Rapeseed—For the week	16,032	5,471	9,432
From 1st Jan. to 13th March	341,028	80,011	77,848
Gingelly Seed—For the week	40,143	42,964	18,936
From 1st Jan. to 13th March	412,380	429,334	387,710

THE STANDING COMMITTEE.

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION, BOMBAY.

GENTLEMEN,—The new Corporation, which comes into office on the 1st of April, being now constituted, I beg to offer myself as a candidate for a seat on the Standing Committee.

I had the honour of being elected a member of the Town Council on a former occasion, and in that capacity and as a member of the Corporation I endeavoured to advance public business and obtain for the rate-paying public full value of whatever expenditure was incurred. With this object in view, I have given independent support or firm opposition to proposals according as they were in my belief beneficial or of doubtful utility. It seemed to me that this course was best calculated to assist in forwarding the work of the Municipality, and obtaining from the machinery paid for by the community the maximum of effort and results.

If you do me the honour of placing me on the Standing Committee, you will be represented by one who, as a citizen of Bombay, has an abiding interest in the prosperity and honour of this great city.

I am, yours faithfully,
GRATTAN GEARY.

15th March 1889.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

Price.—As. 4 per Copy.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

THOMSON—March 14, at Malabar Hill, Bombay, the wife of H. I. P. Thomson, of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

MACKENZIE—March 5, at Kalline-chera, Tea Estate, Sylhet, the wife of F F Mackenzie, of a daughter.

O'BRIEN—March 6, at Udaipur, Rajputana, the wife of Mr J A O'Brien, Bandmaster of H H the Maharana's State Bands, of a son.

POPE—March 11, at No 1, Little Russell Street, Calcutta, the wife of F J Pope, Executive Engineer, E B S Railway, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

RAMSAY—HENVEY—March 9, at Agra, John Ramsay, B S C, second son of General the Hon'ble Sir H Ramsay, C B, K C S I, to Margaret, eldest daughter of Frederick Heavey, of the Bengal Civil Service.

DEATHS.

BEVIS—February 20, at Brentwood, Essex, after a lingering illness, Frederick John Bevis (late of Schroder, Smidt & Co., Cawnpore), aged 30.

CUNLIFFE—March 11, of cholera, Ruth Agnes, only child of Alfred and Agnes Cunliffe, aged 16 months and 19 days.

STODDART—February 7, killed in action at Malin, Burma, while gallantly leading his men, 2nd Lieutenant G R D Stoddart, 17th Bengal Infantry.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1889.

WHAT the Amir Abdul Rahman may be doing in Northern Afghanistan is a matter on which, from the nature of the case, there can be no complete or reliable information, for the means of obtaining it do not exist. The passes are blocked with snow. There is no telegraph, and the Afghan post office, if there be such an institution, is not more to be relied upon than that of more civilised countries, when information has to be transmitted affecting the conduct of those in authority. But from such information as is available we have no hesitation in saying that the rumour of the Amir's slaughtering three hundred people a day is absurd. It may be taken for granted that he has punished with the severity which is habitual with him some of those who were implicated in Ishak Khan's insurrection. But most of the insurgents are, fortunately or unfortunately, beyond the reach of his vengeance. With regard to some at least of those who venture to remain he seems to have vented his displeasure in exacting heavy fines rather than by capital punishments. His Highness certainly appears to have talked rather wildly, as he often does. It is not so long since we mentioned the publication of yellow pamphlets in which His Highness enforced upon true believers the manifest duty of preparing for a jihad against the infidel, the Russian being the infidel whom he had in his mind. It is possible that these pamphlets were thought more of in Taschkent than in Bombay. At all events, it seems that some of the Russian authorities in the neighbouring provinces became alarmed, or at least professed to be so, when Abdul Rahman's strong language gave emphasis to the defeat and flight of Ishak. At all events, some movements o Russian troops took place near the frontier. It is now understood that if the Russian Government had any apprehensions on this subject, as Reuter announced, they have since been dispelled, and there is at present no reason to fear any serious disturbances in that quarter.

BUT it is not in St. Petersburg only that mischievous nonsense gets into print in regard to the present state of things in Afghanistan. Thus the *Spectator* writes—"Abdul Rahman Khan is in Afghan-Turkistan, and is executing his enemies in the true Asiatic style." Then follows a chuckle: "It is quite possible that among them are a good many Russian agents, and that General Komaroff is incensed at the disappearance of his sources of intelligence, and that he has remonstrated with the Amir and even menaced him." This startling announcement is immediately qualified by the admission that there is no evidence whatever to show that the Russian General has been incensed by the loss of any of his "sources of information," or that he has resorted to either remonstrance or to menace in consequence. But it is evident that the humanitarian *Spectator* would be delighted if it should indeed turn out to be the case that the Amir, while dealing with his subjects north of the Hindoo Koosh in the true Asiatic style, had succeeded in killing a good many Russian agents. However, sufficient for the day is the evil thereof, and the writer consoles himself with the reflection that on the whole a good deal of blood is being successfully shed by our friend and ally beyond the Hindu Kush:—"The only certain thing is that Abdul Rahman is among his enemies, and is thinning their number rapidly!" If anything could raise the hopes of the refugees who are now in asylum at Samarcand, it would be the knowledge that tirades of this kind are being published in London and are likely to be, as they, no doubt, are, republished in the Russian newspapers. The Hon'ble G. N. Curzon indites what he intends to be a reassuring letter to the *Times*, and proud of his knowledge as a recent visitor to the Trans-Caspian region and the neighbourhood of the Russo-Afghan frontier, he at once proceeds to justify the severities which are imputed to the Amir, without taking any thought of the political effect of such indiscreet advocacy. The Amir, he declares, is acting entirely within his rights, and there is nothing either aggressive or provocative in what he is doing to strengthen his position in Afghan-Turkistan. His object is declared to be "to cleanse the country of the seditious elements," to which, if left undisturbed, Ishak might address insidious appeals from his secure asylum at Samarcand. If this means anything, it is an assertion—quite baseless, as we have shown above—that the Amir is slaughtering the Turkoman population right and left, or, as the *Spectator* would put it, that he is among his enemies and is thinning their number rapidly. Mr. Curzon undertakes to declare that Abdul Rahman's second object is to Afghanize—the word is used with an apology, which takes nothing from its significance in this collocation—the northern province "which is shut off by snow from his capital during five months of the year." The political rashness of the course defended is unconsciously emphasized in this strategic detail which would render the attempt to Afghanize a country limatrophe with Baklao an act of suicide. But it is naively added: "This object the Amir will attain, and has already in part attained, by a process of colonisation similar to that adopted by the ancient Romans." The Romans succeeded with that policy while they were the absolute masters of the situation, and had no enemies beyond the frontier ready to avail themselves of the weakness of the isolated colonists; when that factor came into existence, the whole house of cards fell in.

As a matter of fact, the Amir is not engaged in any project so impracticable and so perilous. It is therefore useless to discuss with Mr. Curzon whether or not such an effort at colonization would be a purely defensive measure which would not be "a menace to the position of Russia." It would be more to the point to consider whether such a measure might not be welcome to Russia by enabling her to pose before the Turkoman races as their protector against Afghan oppression. This is the real danger lurking in the complications which arise from the determination of the Amir—legitimate enough in itself within reasonable limits to re-establish on a more or less solid basis his authority in Afghan-Turkistan. The *Times* with more frankness than diplomacy states that the Russian Foreign Office regards with disappointment the success of Abdul Rahman in establishing and consolidating his power while shaking himself free from that Russian influence and support which had been useful to him at one period of his career, and that it has hitherto been hoped that in Afghan-Turkistan at all events—where the population is not Afghan and has never been well affected towards the rulers of Kabul, "he could not make good his footing," and that the frontier might be pushed southward to the Hindoo Koosh. This hope has, it is quite needlessly asserted, been blighted by the success of Abdul Rahman in the stamping out of the turbulent elements in that part of his dominions. But the *Times* perceives, what we have just pointed out, that if the Russians are bent on stirring up strife the pretexts for doing so are ready to their hand, and the situation might easily become serious, owing to the excitement consequent upon what is euphemistically termed Abdul Rahman's "energetic movements." The energy of these movements has been, it is to be certain a little exaggerated; reduced to its true proportions it would not, so far as can be judged, have justified either the alarm in the Russo-Bokharan territory, or the unwise and not over-creditable chuckle of approval too audible in London.

THE *Times* is paying so dearly in many ways just now for the amusement of publishing whatever comes to its hand without troubling itself about the source of its information that it is not impossible that it may learn ere long the advantage of accurately chronicling even what happens in Bombay. The informant who complimented the Parsees of Bombay by recording in the *Times* that one of their community had been hanged for the Dadur murder continues busily to misrepresent other things on the Bombay side, and the *Times* in its leading columns improves on the misrepresentations made, as, for example, Mr. Flanagan might be expected to improve upon the material put at his service by the lamented Mr. Pigott. The Calcutta gentleman who once a week telegraphs to London the particulars of what does not happen in India turns a very intelligible observation that was made in these columns a few weeks since into an apologetic statement that the report of the Crawford Commission would be suppressed, and that if a year should elapse before final orders no one would have any right to complain of procrastination. In a leading article another violent twist is given to the words which the Calcutta correspondent had already sufficiently twisted from their plain meaning. We are there referred to as persons professing to represent the Government—a description, considering the absolute candour with which we have from the first criticised the action of Lord Reay's administration in this business, which we should have thought no sane commentator on the case would ever have applied to us. If we have been able to appreciate chronological necessities more accurately than some of our neighbours, the reasonable inference is not that the Government have enabled us to do so, but that other people have been unconscionably dull. Our offence in their eyes is that we recognized, quite in the light of nature, that it might be twelve months from the commencement of the proceedings against Mr. Crawford before final order would be taken on the case. Speaking now from the almanack, and not, as silly people have pretended we spoke, for the Government, we may point out that it was in the middle of July that the proceedings against Mr. Crawford were commenced, that we are now in the middle of March, and that just eight months out of the twelve have elapsed. The report of the Commission is to-day on its way across the Mediterraneau, and if the India Office are as careful in their examination of the evidence and of the Commissioners' inferences from it as the Bombay Government have been, the remaining four months of the year will not give too abundant opportunity to the Secretary of State and his Council to deal with the business, especially if Lord Cross should think it necessary to submit the papers, as he did in a previous case, to the independent judgment of the Lord Chancellor. We should have thought that this not very far-reaching vista of incidents might be contemplated without our thereby falling under the imputation of being apologists for the Government of Bombay, who did not make the almanack, and can scarcely be held responsible for the flight of time. Whether or not the Government of Bombay are, as the *Times* supposes, "so hampered by their own heedless acts as to be afraid of making the decision public" is a matter that does not concern us, at present at all events. Everybody knows, except the Calcutta informant of that journal, that the thing that really hampers the Government is the peremptory order of the Secretary of State that the report shall be treated as confidential.

FROM MR. GILBERT'S letter which we publish in another column we gather that he is not altogether satisfied with the explanation which the Central Provinces Government have given of their rules for the regulation of sport. He certainly indicates an anomaly in the rules when he asks if they ought to make a distinction between official and non-official sportsmen. The grievance thus indicated is doubtless small; but it is not smaller than the concession that the Government would make if they were to put official and non official shikaris upon an equality. The relation of the authorities and the sporting community in regard to a matter of this kind should be one of co-operation, and this would be the more easily brought about if invidious distinctions of this kind were removed. Meantime it is evident from Mr. Gilbert's letter that he and Mr. Mackenzie do not agree as to the facts of the case, let alone the ways and means resorted to for attaining the end proposed. Mr. Gilbert, for example, denies that sportsmen cause fires. It is understood, however, that the occasional coincidence of an outbreak of fire in the Central Provinces jungles and the presence of a shooting party in the neighbourhood has had much to do with the precautions that the authorities have provided in these rules. Mr. Gilbert endeavours to submit the rules in this regard to the familiar process of a *reductio ad absurdum*; not, we think, with entirely happy result. If the precautions taken appear to be excessive, it may be well to remember that the forests of the Central Provinces are not like the Ghat forests of this Presidency or the Terai forests of Upper India and Bengal. They are for several months of the year as dry as tinder and full of inflammable matter; and as there has been no rain since last September, they are this season peculiarly exposed to danger. Doubtless shikaris get credit sometimes for mischief that they have not caused, especially since it often happens that graziers take advantage of their presence to fire the grass, in the hope that the mischief will be put down to the shooting party. If by a system of reasonable rules the forest authorities are able to trace who is in the forest the liability to this practice will be reduced. In the attainment of one of the objects of the rules the Central Provinces authorities may count upon the co-operation of all true sportsmen. The forests in that part of India have been exploited by gangs of native shikaris from Bombay and Upper India, who mercilessly shoot down everything they can find for trade purposes, and the consequence is that many species of birds and harmless game are threatened with extermination unless measures of conservation are resorted to. As for the protection of the community against man-eaters and dangerous animals, about which Mr. Gilbert is very properly anxious, free permits will be given for this purpose, and we are on the whole content to leave "our brother," in whose behalf Mr. Gilbert makes so humorous an appeal, to the protection which this rule will afford. On the whole it will be found, if the matter is approached, as it surely will be, in a reasonable spirit, that the rules are not so objectionable as they seemed, and that a *modus vivendi* between

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE PARNELL COMMISSION.

CONCLUSION OF THE *TIMES* CASE.

ADJOURNMENT OF THE COURT.

LONDON, MARCH 14.

At yesterday's sitting of the Parnell Commission, the evidence on behalf of the *Times* was concluded.

Sir James Hannen, the President, replying to Sir Charles Russell, said he had not yet decided whether an *interim* report should be made on the alleged Parnell letters.

The Commission then adjourned until the 2nd of April.

AUSTRIA AND SERVIA.

The *Standard* publishes a telegram stating that Austrian troops have taken up posts of observation along the Servian frontier in view of the crisis consequent on King Milan's abdication.

THE STRAITS COMMAND.

LONDON, MARCH 13.

Lieutenant Colonel Sir Charles Warren has been appointed to the command of the Straits Settlements, which in future will be a separate command, and not included in that of Hongkong, as hitherto.

THE COPPER SYNDICATE.

PARIS, MARCH 13.

The agency of the Copper Syndicate has been transferred to Messrs. Matheson and Co., who will sell on their behalf, the Copper Companies' existing stocks, which in the meanwhile, will be withheld to be worked off gradually. A curtailment of the output has been arranged.

THE BUDGET ESTIMATES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 14.

As far as was known till late last evening, the discussion on the Budget Estimates will take place] in the Executive and not the Legislative Council.

RAILWAY EXTENSION LOAN.

It is likely that during the next financial year four millions sterling will be borrowed in the London Market for the extension of railways.

DEATH OF LIEUT. HAWKER AT BHAMO.

Lieutenant Hawker, who was severely wounded by the bamboo spikes in the recent expedition against the Kachyens, died yesterday morning at Bhamo.

THE U. S. CLUB.

At a meeting of the United Service Club a proposal to throw open the club to the members of other than sister services was rejected, although a large number was in favour of the motion. It was resolved to double the annual subscription and to ask donations from members.

SIR D. MACKENZIE WALLACE.

Last night Sir D. Mackenzie Wallace left for Bombay. A select party of friends, both European and native, met at the Howrah platform to wish him good-bye.

THE LEPEI EXPEDITION.

The programme of operations against the Lepeis is now nearly carried out. 20 villages have been destroyed and four only under the Pontu Tsawbwa remain to be dealt with. Our casualty list comprises one gunner, one naik, 17th B. I., one Sikh policeman and one Burman follower killed; Corporal Burt, privates Nicholas and Sivier, of the Hampshire, severely wounded by gunshots; Lieut. Hawker, private Wilcher, and a Sikh policeman severely wounded by bamboo spikes. Captain Macdonald and Lieut. O'Donnell, commanding the force; one gunner, a native officer, three gunners, five police, slightly wounded by spikes; four Burman followers, two Ghurkas, two Sikh policemen, severely wounded by gunshot and dha cuts. The Lepei casualties are unknown, but their punishment has been a very severe one.

ENCOUNTER WITH DACOITS.

Mr. Pockett, District Superintendent of Police, Pakoku with Pakangiji Woon and 20 policemen traced up and encountered a gang of 25 or 30 dacoits under the notorious leader Boh Toke, near Thilon. Just before the fight Mr. Pockett was joined by Mr. Wetherall, Asst. Supt. of Police. The dacoits poured a volley from a dense jungle. On this the force was then divided into two parties and closed in a hand-to-hand encounter with the dacoits, five of whom were killed; the rest fled.

THE PATNA CASE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 14.

The Patna Mission case will be heard in the Calcutta High Court to-morrow, Friday.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENT.

Colonel Gallwey acts as Inspector-General of Ordnance, Bengal, on Colonel Walker taking leave.

THE FACTORY ACT.

The Government of India have forwarded their despatch on the Factory Act to the Secretary of State, and it is that it does not support the advocates of the extension of the English Act to India.

THE KASHMIR AFFAIR.

Baboo Lachman Das, the ex Diwan of Kashmir, is now stating that he knows nothing about the letters, at the same time asserting that whatever there is objectionable in them must have been written by the Maharaja before His Highness's accession. On the other hand, it is currently believed that the Maharaja is anxious to divest himself at once of all administrative power, his enfeebled mind having been altogether unhinged by recent events.

FIRE AT MADRAS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MARCH 14.

A fire broke out at the Buckingham Cotton Mills, near Madras, which has caused a damage of five thousand rupees.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Mr. Norton has issued an address stating that he intends contesting the vacancy in the Municipal Council. With Messrs. Ganta and Norton, two Eurasians, a few reformers, with native supporters, lively meetings are expected.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PLYMOUTH, MARCH 13.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer, Goorkha, arrived her from Calcutta, Madras and Colombo, this afternoon.

PORT SAID, MARCH 13.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer India, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras and Colombo, left here this morning.

The Hall Line steamer Rafford Hall, outward bound for Kurrachee, arrived here this morning.

SINGAPORE, MARCH 14.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Gwalior (Extra), left here for Bombay at noon to-day.

ADEN, MARCH 14.

The Italian mail steamer R. Rubattino, left Aden for Bombay at mid-night yesterday.

ZANZIBAR, MARCH 14.

H. H. the Sultan of Zanzibar's steamer Avoca left here for Bombay to-day.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, MARCH 13.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats steady.

Good Fair Dhollera	4½
The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.	
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1 4 1-16
2½ per cent. Consols for account	97⅞
3 per cent. French Rentes	85½
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	67½
4½ per cent. ,,	70⅛
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	107½
Bar Silver	42/3

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, March 14.—The barometric changes are everywhere small. The barometer has generally risen, and the pressure distribution is that of the hot weather. A shallow depression overlies Chutia Nagpur and the eastern districts of the Central Provinces. Winds have strengthened considerably on the Bengal coast and are blowing rather strongly from south-west. The most important feature at present is in temperature, which is excessive over the whole of Northern and Central India. The mean temperature yesterday was thirteen degrees above normal at Ajmere and Sirsa, the excess averaged nine degrees in Sind, Rajputana, and the Punjab, six degrees in Central India, five degrees in the North-West Provinces, four degrees in the Central Provinces, and three degrees in Bengal. Skies are clear, except in North Punjab.

H. E. Lord Reay yesterday opened the new Wilson College at Chowpatty in the presence of a large and influential gathering of European and native ladies and gentlemen. The Rev. Dr. Mackichan, the Principal of the College, in a long speech, gave a history of the origin and progress of the institution. A Mahomedan student then read an address on behalf of the past and present students and teachers of the Free General Assembly's Institution, which was presented to his Excellency in an elegant casket inlaid with ivory. H. E. the Governor, in declaring the college open, paid a tribute of praise to the deceased gentleman whose name the institution bears. Sir Raymond West also spoke in high terms of his late lamented friend Dr. Wilson, who had filled, like him, the chair of the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay for a number of years. A vote of thanks, proposed by Professor Lindsay and seconded by the Rev. Mr, Dhunjeebhoy, terminated the proceedings.

A meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was called for yesterday, but the chariman (the Hon. Mr. Sayani) had to adjourn it till Wednesday next for want of a quorum.

MR. GABBET, District Engineer at Abu, had a narrow escape lately, being severely mauled by a wounded tiger. Two natives were mauled at the same time, one of whom is recovering, but the other, who pluckily came to Mr. Gabbet's assistance with a sword, has died.

COLONEL MCRAE, Conservator of Forests, Sind Circle, has been allowed three months' privilege leave. Mr. C. E. S. Steele will act in his absence.

THE season report of the Bombay Presidency is summarised in the following general remarks:—Slight rain in parts of Poona and Belgaum. Late crops in three talukas of Surat unsatisfactory. Exotic cotton in parts of Dharwar blighted. Opium in Baroda good. Harvesting progressing generally. Probable outturn of cotton 12 annas, and of wheat and gram 16 annas in parts of Kathiawar, and of late crops in Karachi 13 annas. Fodder scarce in Khandesh and Nasik, and in parts of Poona, Ahmednagar, Ratnagiri, and Baroda.

COLONEL WILSON, Commissioner of Police, Bombay, has been granted eleven months' furlough to Europe.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay in the week ending March 12th was 508, a death-rate of 27·85 per thousand per annum, as against 411, or 23·16, the corresponding week of last year, and 431, or 27·64, the average over corresponding periods of the five previous years. Of the total number, 9 died from small-pox, 21 measles; 181 fevers, 2 cholera, 59 phthisis, 36 diseases of the nervous system, 82 affections of the respiratory organs, 20 diarrhœa, 12 dysentery, 25 still-born, 26 old age and debility, 5 accidents and violence. Classified the list shows—Buddhist or Jain 22, Brahmin 24, Bhatia 12, Hindu of other caste 236, Hindu outcaste 43, Mussalman 118, Parsee 22, Jew 3, Native Christian 19, Eurasian 1, European 3, Negro-African 4, other and unknown races 1. The total number of births was 271 as against 310 last year, and 258 the average over the past five years.

BOMBAY is old as a British possession, remarks the Lahore paper, and of great dignity, and it has a haughty spirit; but in the matter of its hospitals there is still something wanting. It has a European General Hospital, which is on the whole a good one; but it requires a Convalescent Home to which sufferers in the mofussil could come on their way Home or otherwise, receiving attendance from nursing sisters and all comforts conducive to amelioration and recovery. The nurses, too, should be provided in greater numbers to allow of rotation, and should be kept in comfort. All this can only be done with money. A stirring appeal for subscriptions has therefore been made, and with much enthusiasm and earnestness the Bombay papers support the scheme. While full of thoughts of hospitals and its future sick, Bombay has in view the construction of a small-pox hospital; but in this connection it is somewhat unkind to draw subscriptions from the Punjab, which is also being moved in favour of its own institutions.

SURGEON-MAJOR BOYD is to act as Superintendent of the Colaba Lunatic Asylum during the absence of Surgeon-Major Parker.

THE services of Colonel G. B. Simpson, District Superintendent of Police, Karachi, are placed at the disposal of Government in the Military Department, at his own request.

MR. R. H VINCENT, Acting District Superintendent of Police, Shikarpur, has been allowed privilege leave for three months.

MR. F. C. JONES will act during the absence of Mr. Vincent.

MR. W. H. CROWE, Acting District Judge and Sessions Judge of Poona, has been allowed privilege leave for three months. Mr. G. C. Whitworth, C.S., will act in his absence.

MR. W. H. PROPERT, C.S., Commissioner, S.D., has been allowed three months' leave of absence, and Mr. J. R. Middleton, C.S., will act in his absence.

NOTES FROM NAGPUR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

NAGPUR, MARCH 12.

ON Tuesday last, as you have already heard, a rather serious disturbance occurred at the sudder bazaar between the sepoys of the 16th Bombay Infantry and the bazaar people. It appears that ill feeling had been engendered between the parties concerned at a nautch in the bazaar some days previously, upon which a few sepoys intruded themselves and received rough treatment from the guests at the nautch. Evidently in revenge for this treatment the sepoys had made it up to give the bazaar people a good drubbing. Accordingly at the Tuesday market, at about 4 p.m., some of the sepoys having gone ostensibly for the purpose of buying provisions, suddenly provoked a row with the sellers. Immediately a number of other sepoys armed with sticks, arrived and commenced to use them indiscriminately on men, women, and children: the tumult increased. A few of the bazaar people engaged the sepoys in fight, but the mass of the bazaar people bolted with or without their goods. It so happened that a portion of the Nagpur Volunteer Corps were being drilled on their parade ground that evening, and were about breaking off when the news arrived in an exaggerated form that the Bombay sepoys were looting the bazaar and beating and wounding the people. On hearing this Colonel Grace, the Commandant of the Corps (and also Deputy Commissioner of Nagpur) ordered the Volunteers to fall in and march down to the sudder bazaar, he himself galloping ahead to investigate. The Volunteers followed at once, led by Major Bailey, Captain Saunders, and Lieutenant Duncan, and soon arrived at the market place. The rioters, on becoming aware of the approach of the Volunteers, took to flight. Their arrival, however, had a wonderful effect, for the unfortunate bazaar men, who had been in hiding, re-appeared in an instant. Order was soon restored. General Anderson, Commanding at Kamptee, came down, I hear, on Friday, to enquire into the case, and, no doubt, proper arrangements will be made both by the military and civil authorities, not only to punish the ringleaders of the disturbance, but also to prevent any future collision.

The Chief Commissioner left on the 8th instant for Pachmarhi the C. P. sanitarium, and Mr Laurie, Officiating Secretary, will soon follow.

Mr. John Niell, Commissioner, Jubbulpore Division, has been deputed on special duty for the reorganization of the district offices.

JOTTINGS FROM SURAT.

(FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.)

SURAT, MARCH 12.

NATIVES of India will ever be thankful to Lord Ripon for the boon of local self-government, and the Surat people at least commemorate the event by the annual festival of *Ripon Jayanti*, when lectures are delivered and objects and aims of local self-government are explained to the public. It must be admitted that this is done in a very poor way, and even many of the Municipal Commissioners, who would have been nowhere but for this scheme, do not take that interest which the festival deserves, and they are often conspicuous by their absence. I write this to awake them and the newly-elected *Rao Sahebs* as the municipal election, which took place for the third time, has not been held.

In Surat municipal commissioners are elected in two ways—three by general election and twelve by ward election. There were four candidates for the general election, but one of them, Mr. Gulabdass Bhaidass, not being very serious about it, scored only very few votes, and the following three commissioners were therefore re-elected, *viz.*, Messrs. Ishwardass Jugjiwandass (merchant), Dosabhai Pestonji (doctor), and Kalabhai Lallubhai (lawyer). The services rendered by these three to the Municipality, some of whom are over 12 and 15 years standing, are so well known that any of them will make a worthy and efficient president.

Just a week after the general election, the ward election took place on the 7th instant. The city is divided into 12 wards, and each ward sends one representative. In half the number of wards there was only a single candidate for the seat, and consequently there was no competition whatever. A special general meeting was held the same evening under the presidentship of Khan Bahadur Meer Gulambaba Khan, who declared the result. The following are the names of the successful gentlemen:—Messrs. M. D. Dadyshet (lawyer), Almond (merchant), Gulabdass Bhaidass (lawyer), Dinsha Jiwaji Edul Beheram (doctor), Balram Motiram (lawyer), Bhanushankar Naranshankar (teacher), Manchharm Ghelabhai (editor), Surajlal Mathuradass Dowlatjada (doctor), Ramlal Lallubhai (doctor), Harilal Tuljaram Daru (teacher), Narbheram Mansukhram (contractor), and Pirojsha Jamsedji (doctor).

This is the constitution of our new local government; of these 12, Messrs. Balram Motiram and Harilal Tuljaram Daru are elected for the first time. An equal number, *i.e.* 15, will be nominated by the Government, some of whom will be local officers.

A very unpleasant occurrence is reported to have taken place in one of the meetings, when a Government nominated officer seems to have declined to sit with a certain brother-commissioner. The public, however, trusts that members will not allow personal quarrels to influence their public duty. One of your correspondents has already enlightened your readers as to one or two little scenes which occurred.

Mr. N. Cursetji Shetna, the Acting Municipal Secretary, has tendered his resignation, and it was accepted by the meeting held yesterday.

THE NEW MUNICIPAL BUILDINGS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I was glad to read the sensible remarks in your issue to-day, also those of Mr. K. N. Kabraji (excepting that part relating to style), on the above subject, at yesterday's meeting of the Municipal Corporation. As next to Government and the Port Trust, I believe, I am most interested in all that concerns the true welfare of the city, in which I take a deep interest, I am of opinion that it would be a "penny-wise-and-pound-foolish" policy to restrict the architect in his work, especially as Mr. Stevens has stated that the designs could certainly be carried out within the estimated cost. He should, therefore, receive every encouragement to proceed with the work and carry it out to completion. As the Municipal Building is intended for the future as well as the present, it would be a great pity if for a lakh or two of rupees the building were starved in any way and the city robbed of what may be made one of its chief ornaments. It would certainly be much better, if necessary, to obtain the money on loan for a period of, say, 50 years, and thus spread the expense over the present and future tax-payers. But apparently that is not necessary.

We are fortunate in having an architect of Mr. Stevens' ability in our midst, and I trust the Corporation will treat him in a more liberal spirit than the Secretary of State for India appears to have done after his completion of one of the finest buildings in India.—Yours, &c.,

Bombay, March 14. PRO BONO PUBLICO.

SIR JAMES FERGUSSON—AND MR. GINWALLA—ON INDIAN AFFAIRS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Perhaps several of your readers will be glad to learn what our late esteemed Governor, Sir James Fergusson, thinks about India and her people. In the latter part of one of his letters to me the other day he writes as follows:—"You may be sure that all who apply themselves to Indian affairs in the House of Commons are actuated by kindly feelings towards India, although their opinions may not suit the views of the most advanced section of Indian politicians, and I hope my residence in India and my intimate acquaintance with its interests will enable me to take a sound and impartial view."

As for myself, I think more manly and open language was seldom used by a Governor. My native friends will do well to remember that those Englishmen who sometimes give them bitter pills to swallow are not their enemies at heart, but true friends.

The Bombay Presidency Association and the leaders of the vernacular press will now, I trust, take kindly to our ex-Governor,—Yours, &c.,

Broach. NUSSERWANJEE S. GINWALLA.

THE latest story about the suicide of the Austrian Crown Prince adds another element of sadness and romance to a tragedy that was already sufficiently sinister. The Baroness Verscera, to whom he was so devoted, was finally engaged to a young French financier, and her family, doubtless with the view of liberating her from the perilous thraldom to the Prince, were hurrying on the marriage. This was done in spite of the Crown Prince's frantic entreaties and mad threats. It was to prevent this calamity—which at last was seen to be inevitable—that the lovers committed suicide together, as now seems to have been undoubtedly the case.

THE TAX ON SPORT IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In your issue of yesterday you do me the honour of referring to the agitation started by me before the Natural History Society relating to the rules issued by the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces taxing sport in that province, and you imply that the matter is not of such public importance as I attach to it, and that I remained silent as to the legality of the rules. It is true that these rules are of more direct importance to the sportsmen who yearly wage war on the tiger and the unfortunate villager whose body and kine make up the daily food of the tiger; but still there is great public interest involved in the whole question. The public question involved is this, can or ought the ruler of a neighbouring British province to exclude British subjects from shooting tigers in public forests, or to tax them for doing so, leaving the District Officers the right to shoot tigers without being taxed in their own districts, and empowering them to refuse or give leave to any one else desirous of shooting tigers in such forests?

When I discussed this question at the Natural History Society I did not know what I now know, namely, that these objectionable rules apply to every forest belonging to Government in the Central Provinces, *i.e.*, I understand to about one-fourth the total area of the whole of the Central Provinces. The Forest Act gives power to Government to make rules as to shooting in "protected forests," but nowhere in the Act has Government the power to impose a tax on shooting. The intention of the Act appears to be to give Government the power to prevent the shooting of particular animals in particular forests, and this seems a very proper power for Government to have, as there are, no doubt, certain harmless animals which need protection to prevent their extinction altogether. The Chief Commissioner, however, does not carry out this laudable intention because he makes the rules inapplicable to the District Officer and applicable to the protection of the tiger and panther. The Chief Commissioner states that the object of these rules is the protection of the jungles from fire. In the first place I deny that sportsmen do cause jungle fires, and even if they do I fail to see why the imposition of a tax to shoot or the necessity to obtain a permit will have any effect in stopping jungle fires. Jungles are usually fired for grazing purposes by the people who graze their cattle in them in the hot weather. As soon as the grass is burnt green shoots at once spring up out of the roots. The Act has plenty of provisions for protecting jungles from fire. I do not think, therefore, the public will believe these rules were really issued for the protection of jungles from fire. It is still open to any catcher of butterflies or inveterate smoker of cheroots, for instance, to roam over all the jungles of the Central Provinces without restraint or hindrance. If the Chief Commissioner has the powers he now wishes to arrogate to himself he can, no doubt, make further rules preventing these persons from entering the jungles, and he can carry it still further. He may make rules by which travellers and others passing through the Central Provinces may be prevented from smoking or bringing matches with them for fear that such persons may generate a fire which will reach the jungles. Or he may prevent the residents of his province from using fire altogether for cooking or other like purposes. Or he may make a rule by which a person is prevented from going into a forest because such person might thereby covet the possession of certain products of the forest. Mr. Lee-Warner (who as Chief Secretary to Government ought to know) pointed out at the meeting of the Natural History Society that the Bombay Government, whose forests are necessarily much more valuable than the Central Provinces forests, never found it necessary to make any such rules for the Bombay forests. The tax that will be raised by the issue of these permits collectively will amount to a very small sum, and it cannot be argued, as pointed out by Mr. Inverarity, that the tax can have been made for the increase of the revenue. From time immemorial every one has had unrestricted rights to shoot tigers in these jungles. Can, therefore, the Chief Commissioner by a stroke of the pen now annul them? That he or the officers under him do is very sure, because we have the case of Captain Becher, R.A., at Kamptee, who wished to shoot a tiger which had killed a bullock, but a permit was refused to him when he applied for it.

It is useless for me to argue the legality of the rules with the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner. I have pointed out to him where, in my humble opinion, the rules are illegal, and he informs me that he does not agree with me. There is only one way of testing the legality, and that is for some public-spirited man to go and break them at the risk of six months' imprisonment, and then to argue the matter before the proper tribunal.

As regards the rules as now altered, they are, no doubt, a very great improvement, and the majority of sportsmen can now afford to pay the fees, assuming he does get a permit. That he will get the permit appears by no means certain, and if it is refused he appears to have no remedy. But how about the British soldier, at Kamptee say, or the subordinate on small pay, or the native shikari who wishes to kill the tiger that kills the village bullock. Can these afford to pay Rs. 15 per month to shoot tigers? The British soldier, it seems to me, ought to have a voice in the matter.

I will put a hypothetical case in conclusion, which I will apply to you. If your brother (assuming you have a brother), standing by your side, is carried off by a tiger and that tiger runs off into a Government jungle, ought or ought you not to be permitted to at once pursue that tiger and shoot him? No, sir, *you ought not*; and if you do, you will be sent to jail for six months. First apply to the District Officer, wherever he is, for a permit; then, having got that, "plank down," your Rs. 15, and then pursue that tiger—if your brother is not already eaten up. If, however, your brother is carried off into a "fire-protected forest," whatever that may be, the rules say no permit shall be granted, so that you may lie down and listen to your brother's bones being crushed. Please also bear in mind that I am assuming you are in British territory too, and not in Russia.—Yours, &c.,

REGINALD GILBERT.

INTRIGUES IN NATIVE STATES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It is now four years since I addressed you, and you were good enough to publish several letters on the subject indicated by the heading of the present communication.

The Central Asian question was then unsettled, and the purport of what I said was that if Russia or any other enemy of the British Government in India wished to embroil it in internal troubles, the thing could be most easily accomplished by arranging to let fall into the hands of any of its Political Agents and officers a communication addressed to a native prince professing to acknowledge the receipt of one of treasonable purport from him. A distrust would be thus easily occasioned, which it is not difficult to perceive might lead to serious consequences. I also then related an incident which promised to be grave, but proved only ridiculous in connection with the Delhi Assemblage of 1877, and which yet was published in a Russian journal, while it was unheard of in India at the time, and I inferred from it that Russia had unsuspected sources of information or secret agents moving in India who could be utilised for purposes of mischief of the kind indicated, especially towards Indian princes who should be found to be loyal to their lord paramount. And the suggestion I offered was that in dealing with any case of that kind the extremest caution should be exercised by our Government; and now that Dhulip Singh is working himself up to a mad man's fury, the necessity of the caution suggested derives tenfold force. This can only be met by considering every accused prince as innocent unless clearly proved guilty by evidence in appreciating which prejudice or mere suspicion of any kind should have no part or lot. That would be the only *safe* course for all parties. Strict justice alone would be sound policy.

I am reminded of the matter by the story regarding Kashmir, which has such *prima facie* elements of strangeness about it, but into the merits of which I will not enter.—Yours, &c.,

13th March. IAGO.

IMPORTANT CRICKETING QUESTIONS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In the match which was played last season between the Parsee and Brighton Cricket Clubs in England, the batsman before delivery happened to stand out of the popping crease, and when he hit the ball, after consultation, the Brighton Committee decided that it was a *short* run, and accordingly disallowed it. Some of the cricketers, not satisfied with this decision, applied to Mr. Henry Perkins, the secretary of the Marylebone Cricket Club, for his opinion, when, strange to say, he said that he did not consider it a *short* run. As they had no time to decide this conflict of opinions, the question remains open till now, and I shall feel obliged if you or any of your cricketeer readers will help us in coming to a conclusion. Also whether, if a ball gets entangled in the shirt or dhotur of the striker, whether he can take advantage of it and go on scoring 6 runs as for a lost ball, or should take it out and give it in the field. The difficulty lies in this, that if he were to take it out, he would lose his six, which is generally allowed in Bombay, and if he were not to take it out and go on scoring as Mr. W. G. Grace says, according to the 26th rule, it is a case of obstructing the field.—I am, yours, &c.,

D. B. TAPIA.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Siam, Captain H. T Weighell, will sail to-day for London, with the Europe mails and the following passengers:—

FOR LONDON.

Mr C H Platt	Mr Dawner
Mr Seymour Keay, and two children	Col Birch
	Mr J H Higgins
Mr P S Rooper	Mr H Shields
Mr Vishusingh	Mrs Grant
Mr Hobday	Mr J Thomas
Mrs J Russell	Mr and Mrs G Nash.

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr Britain	Mr Tweedie
Mr F G Self	Mr Gilbraith Scott
Mr C F Self	Mr J E Gabbett
Major G F Guyan	Mr and Mrs Weld
Dr Gallwey	Mr F Daller

FOR MARSEILLES.

Mr J Robinson	Mr and Mrs Kelleher
Rev and Mrs Faicly Daly	Mr J Gall
Mr Lee-Warner	Mr Clark
Mrs Richey	Mr C Wren
Mr Richey (Junior)	Mr Jameson
Mr Graham	Lady Creville
Col. and Mrs Hay	Mrs Neville Chamberlain
Lieut-Col and Mrs Eliot	Mr Bropert

FOR SUEZ.—Mr J M Campbell.

The following passages are engaged:—

Per s. s. Shannon, Captain C. R. Edwards, 22nd March, 1889.

FOR LONDON.—Mrs W P Warburton and child, Mr and Mrs J Henderson, Mr and Mrs C E Romilly, Mrs Eden, 4 children and infant, Mrs Gardiner, Mrs Gardiner and 3 children, Mrs Bayley, 2 children and infant, Mrs Forrest, 2 children and 2 infants, Col and Mrs Bannerman, 2 Misses Bannerman, Mrs Drury, Miss Sharp, Mr and Mrs Hudenfeldt, Capt Welchman King, Rev and Mrs Jackson, Mrs Gerard, Mr A Molle, Miss Morgan, Mr F G Hodgson, Mr T Harwood, Mr R Harwood and son, Mr and Mrs Ashurst, Rev and Mrs Newton and 6 children, Miss Bland, Mrs Macarthy, Mr J W Thomas, Mrs A P Hare and child, Rev and Mrs J E Chandler, Miss Chandler, Mrs Guilford, 2 children and infant, Miss Briggs, Mr Schmatz, Miss Aitken, Miss Marsden, Miss Elin, Mrs Bossenquet, Mr and Mrs Shaw, Col W T Bomford, Mr F Smith, Mr E J Edden, Mr and Mrs Streatfield, Mr J Stoddart, Mrs Grimshaw, Mr H Shova, Dr Ward Hall, Mr J Andrew, Mr C E Cochrone, Mr Kaikashru D Doctor, Mr W O Corver, Mr R H Watt, Mr and Mrs Anderson, Mrs Henry Mackinnon, Mr Higgins, Lord Ancram, Mdlle Merby, Mr Henderson, Mr Briggs and Mr A Cole.

FOR BRINDISI.—Mr F J Kingsley, Mrs Cleghorn, Mr and Mrs G W Allen, Mr Allan E Batchelor, Mr C M Macdonald, Mrs Smith, Mr J O Henderson, Mrs Herbert Pike, Mr H B Odersedt, H R H Duke of Orleans, Col F de Perseval, Mr Fearing, Mr Johnson, Mrs Wiseman, Miss Chubb, Mr and Mrs Tremlett, Rev B H Skelton, Mr Brownger, Major W C Riddell, Major A W Cameron, Mr Lyall, and Col Spring.

FOR GIBRALTAR.—Mr T Peixoto.

Per s.s. Oriental, Captain E. Stewart, 29th March, 1889.

FOR LONDON.—Mrs Rushworth and child, Rev and Mrs Anderson and 2 children, Miss Young, Miss Jackson, Mrs Galloway, Mrs Plowden, Mr and Mrs J Hawlyn Bozzer, Rev and Mrs Griffiths and 2 infants, Mrs Brandon and 4 children, Mr and Mrs S N Moses and child, Rev E T Brown, Mr and Mrs Beresford Lovett and child, Mr and Mrs J W Neill, Mr and Mrs R Macdonald, Mrs Fox Strangway, Mrs White, Mr and Mrs Mead, Mr and Mrs Archer, Mrs Barclay, Mrs and Miss Hojel, Mrs Crosthwaite and infant, Mr Christy, Mrs Briggs and 2 children and Mr M H Kothari.

FOR MARSEILLES.—Mrs Warden, Mr and Mrs Frost and child, two Misses Stokes, Mr C C Kilburn, Mr and Mrs O'Donnell, Mrs Frost and infant, Mr H H Macleod, Mr Pray, Mr F Schiller, Mr T H Thomson, Mr A B Stuart, Mrs Whiteway, Mr and Mrs Traill, Mr Warstaffe, Mr M S Howell, Mr H A Woolridge, Sir Samuel and Lady Baker, Mr and Mrs E Rose, Mr Cobb, Mr R Cobb, Mrs Aikman and infant, Dr and Mrs J Ellis and child, Colonel Wilton, Mr Moses, Mrs Stopford Sackville, Hon'ble Dudley Leigh, Baron Magourgand, Mrs and Miss Lawrence, Mrs Nethensole, Major and Mrs Miller, Mr and Mrs G Heenan, Dr and Mrs Carmichael and child, Mr Reuss, Mr and Mrs Urquhart, Mr H G Urquhart, Mrs Jamieson, Mr W G Goldring, Mrs E B Steadman, Mr Duncan Irvine, Hon'ble R Steel, Mrs Penryth Evans, Mrs Abbott, Mr Ward, two Misses Ward, Mr C Danell, Dr and Mrs Thomson and 2 infants, Mr G A Ormiston, Mr and Mrs Deas, and Miss Deas, Capt Hon'ble T Ashburnham, Mr H C Willock, Capt and Mrs Dunsterville and 2 children, Col J S D Bolton, Mr J W S Sutherland, Mrs Proctor Sims, Major and Mrs Impey, Mrs Macalister and Mr J Begbie.

FOR BRINDISI.—Mr R S Greenshields.

FOR SUEZ.—Mr E B Tait.

Per s.s. Pekin, Captain P. Harris, 5th April, 1889.

FOR LONDON.—Mrs T W Grant, Miss Hotham, Maj-Genl D MacFarlane, Mrs A W Robinson, Mr A P Robinson, Mrs Ellwood and child, Master Ellwood, Mrs Moore, Mr and Mrs John Russell, Dr and Mrs Dallas, Hon Mrs Herbert, Miss Lewis, Mrs Macbeth and child, Mr and Mrs Macdonald and 4 children, Major P H Smith, Dr Caldecott, Dr Parker, two Misses Macfarlane, Mrs Macfarlane, Col and Mrs Malloy and child, Mrs Hunter and 4 children, Mr Larkin, Mr D Colvan, Mr Phelps, Mrs Montgommery and infant, Mrs. Macklintock, child and infant, Mr Raoja Bhaital Patel, Mrs Gerrard, Mr and Mrs Corfield and Miss Baddeley, Mr Mathura Prasada, Mr Larkins, Maj Garnet, Miss Hunter, Mr G D Coleman, Mr H R Morgan, Captain Downs, Mr M Bishop, Mr and Mrs Blood and 2 children, Mr and Mrs D Campbell, Mr S R Fraser, Mr T J Bennett, Mr Cousley and Lieut Fletcher.

FOR BRINDISI.—Col Boddam, Miss Boddam, Sir R and Lady Sandeman, Mr S Tremearne, Mr and Mrs Ford, Mr Mattatson, Mr and Mrs F L Charles, Miss Coles, Mr C Dunell, Mr M Durst, Mr Cheetham, Mr J L Rozario, Mr L R Burrows, Mr A Clark, Miss Clark, Mr J Menzies, Mr and Mrs Fuller, Mr Exton, Dr Mulvaney, Mr Muncherji Edulji Morris, Maj S G Smith, Mr M S Mehta, and Mr H D Allbless, Mr Prestwick, Capt H Crodack, Mr W S Sturrock, Col Dicken, Mr L N Broome, Col and Mrs W H Wilson, Dr F Perry, Mrs A P Howell, Mr Campbell and Mr Bull.

FOR SUEZ.—Mr Beight and Mr Ladenburg.

Per s. s. Siam, Captain H. T. Weighell, 12th April, 1889.

FOR BRINDISI.—Mr and Mrs Flower and Miss Flower, Col Channer and Mrs Cox and infant.

FOR MARSEILLES.—Miss Hunter, Mr and Mrs Bright and 2 children, Mr and Mrs Carstairs and child, Mr T Inglis, Mr H F Lennard, Mr H C J Hunter, Sir R Harvey, Col Thuillier, and Mr Milne.

Per s.s. Kaiser-i-Hind, Captain R. F. Briscoe, 19th April, 1889.

FOR LONDON.—Mr G Arbuthnot, Lady Edge, Miss Edge and child, Mr and Mrs D Rasbotham, Mr J Hudson, Mr and Mrs Rattigan and 3 children, Col and Mrs Caldecott and child, Mrs Pitt and infant, Col and Mrs Jarrett and child, Major and Mrs Sidney Smith, Mr A Ewbank, Mr and Mrs Donie and 3 children, Capt Bradshaw, Col and Mrs Bullock, Mr and Mrs Entwisle and 2 children, Mr Welsh, Miss Welsh, Miss Erskine, Miss Thorne, Miss Powlett, Mr R Sewell, Mr and Mrs H Ammond, Mr J W Alexander, Mr Elton, Mr Hardy, Mr C Waquer, Mr R D Campbell, Mrs Timber and infant, and Mrs Holder, 2 children and infant.

FOR BRINDISI.—Mr J Walker, and Col Fendall Currie, Mr W G Wilson, Col Webster, Col C A Bayley, Mr M S Taylor, Surgn-Major and Mrs Johnson, Mr C N Espley, Mr H S Knox, Mr H J S Cotton, Mr C Kough, Mr and Mrs Blizard, Major Creagh and Mrs F Hope.

FOR GIBRALTAR—Capt G C B Baker.

Per s.s. Assam, Captain G. W. F. Browne, 26th April, 1889.

FOR MARSEILLES.—Surg-Genl Walker.

FOR BRINDISI.—Mr A Ewbank, Dr Burgess.

Per s. s. Bokhara, Captain W. J. Nantes, 30th April, 1889.

FOR MARSEILLES.—Mr and Mrs. Dawson, Mrs Buller, Mr and Mrs. J Brooks, Mr and Miss E Solano, Mrs and Miss Bullman, Rev R R Winter, and Mr C J Robertson, Mrs Cotton, Capt Lindsell, Mr P Dangerfield, Hon Justice Macpherson, Mr R L Harris, Miss White, and Col and Mrs Gordon Young, child and infant.

THE MAHALUXMI RACECOURSE.

THE following letter has been addressed to the Municipal Commissioner by Dr. Gaye, secretary to the Western India Turf Club.

Sir,—At the annual general meeting of the Turf Club, held on 9th March, I was desired to address the Municipality on the subject of the Mahaluxmee Race Course, and to request that a definite answer may be returned as to whether there is any probability of the approved scheme, which was submitted, being carried into effect. The Turf Club expresses a hope that the subject may be brought before the authorities at once, and that the successes of the recent meeting may show how absolutely necessary a good racecourse is for the benefit of the Bombay public.—I am, &c.,

A. C. GAYE,
Hon. Sec., W. I. T. Club.

CATHEDRAL HIGH SCHOOLS.

THE annual distribution of prizes to the pupils attending the Cathedral High Schools took place in the Town Hall on Wednesday evening. Sir Raymond West presided, and amongst others present were the Hon. Col. N. G. Lyttel

ones are "a picture to see," whilst the "happy faces and cheerful manners" of all the girls testify to their "moral and physical welfare!" This is a grand example to set in a country where female education is so backward that a Government official of the Punjab can gravely write that "a native woman may be able to read, but it is not likely that a respectable woman should be able to write." It is hard to think of these schools being in a better condition, and yet the governing body "look forward to the attainment of an even higher degree of proficiency in the future," and such is my faith in the governing body and its indefatigable secretary, Mr. Lewis, that I believe they will realise their hope. All of those who agree with me that the first requisites to success in life is to be strong and healthy, and that the best brains in the world are of little service if there is not plenty of vital energy to work them, will be glad to hear of the popularity of the gymnastic class and the flourishing condition of the cricket club. I only wish the first eleven had won more matches. I should also like to have seen a paragraph concerning technical instruction—some form of manual training as opposed to literary training,—but one must not ask too much. The report, as a whole, shows that the boys and girls physically, morally, and intellectually are trained to perform the duties of after life as husbands and wives, fathers and mothers, in any way that leaves little to be desired. And it is satisfactory to think that the Cathedral High School is only one of many such institutions in India where a sound Christian education is given that serves as a bright example all through the country. This morning I had occasion to refer for another purpose to Burke's famous philippic against Warren Hastings, delivered a hundred years ago, and I found a passage which so contrasts with the British India of to-day that I copied it out to read here to-day. England has erected no churches, no hospitals, no palaces, no schools; England has built no bridges, made no high roads, cut no navigations, dug out no reservoirs. Every other conquerer, of every other description, has left some monument, either of state or beneficence, behind him. Were we to be driven out of India this day nothing would remain to tell that it had been possessed, during the inglorious period of our dominion, by anything better than the ourang-outang or the tiger. What monuments should we not leave behind us now. If Edmund Burke came back to us and could spend a few hours in the Bombay of to-day, he would see churches, hospitals, and schools on every side, and a row of public buildings that would even beat what the London of his year could show. If he walked into Thacker's and bought a big map of India, he would find the country absolutely covered with a perfect network of railways, roads, telegraphs, and canals. The best horses and carriages, the best houses in the city, he would find owned by natives grown rich under the security of British rule and the pax Britannica. If he called at the Secretariat, they would show him the Education Report of 1882 and he would read how the Anglo-Indian Government now overlooks nearly 120,000 schools spread over the country where three millions of pupils are being taught what is of most practical use to them in after life. And if he would look into this great Hall he would see 200 bright and happy English boys and girls whose present training is a guarantee of the usefulness of their future career to the country of their birth or their adoption. (Applause.)

The Hon. F. Forbes Adam, in seconding the adoption of the report, said :—

Sir Raymond West, Ladies, and Gentlemen,—I somewhere not long ago heard it said—I am not sure that it was not Mr. Justice Scott himself who said it—that any man being called upon to record the adoption of a report on an occasion such as the present has only two excuses for making a speech. The first is that he must have an important message to deliver—a message he feels bound to deliver for the public interests, or, secondly, that the report he is called upon to second requires some explanation, apology, or support, calling for rhetoretic effort. I am sure you will be glad to hear that I have no message to deliver, and after listening to the report read by Mr. Goldwyer Lewis, and after listening to the remarks made by Mr. Justice Scott, I feel that really I have absolutely no excuse to come between you and the chairman any longer. I shall, therefore, confine myself to saying what great pleasure it gives me to-night to ask you to accept the report which has been proposed by Mr. Justice Scott, and I shall only add one word more, and that is this: I hope for many long years to come, to attend the meetings of these schools, and still find the girls looking so bright and happy and well as they look to-day, and to the boys I would say I sincerely trust they will next year beat Poona. (Cheers.)

The report was adopted unanimously.

Some of the younger children next engaged in Kindergarten singing, which proved exceedingly interesting, and after that came the distribution of prizes, Mrs. Lyttleton handing the awards to the girls and Mrs. Nugent to the boys.

The following is the complete list of prizes distributed by Mrs. Nugent and Mrs. Lyttleton :—

GIRLS' PRIZE LIST.

Scripture.—Class I., Ruth Savage and Ellen Troyal; class II., Florence Thorpe; class III., Mabel Collins; class IV., Isabel Stewart; and class V., Ellie Jones.

Conduct.—1st (given by vote), Ellen Troyal,; infants, John Stewart.

Lessons.—Standard IX., Amy Rob, Ellen Troyal, Manak Turkhud, Manakbai Dadabhoy, and Elsie Parker; standard VIII., Gertrude Thorpe; standard VII., Eva Walton; standard VI., Ruttonbai Kolah; standard V., Alice Mahew; standard IV., Florence Thorpe; standard III., Marian Troyal; standard II., May Headlam: and standard I., Gladys Graham; and infants, Annie Webb.

Needle-work.—Standard VIII., Eva Farrell and Mollie Green; standard VII., Ethel Farrell; standard V., Lizzie Watson; standard IV., Ruby Winchler; standard III., Amy Killen; standard II., Aileen Grennan and Lucy Kirkpatrick; and standard I., Annie Cornfield.

French.—Amy Robb.

Music.—Eva Walton.

Drawing.—Eva Farrell.

Infants, Singing.—Camilla Neumann.

BOYS' PRIZE LIST.

Divinity Prizes.—Upper School, Robert Rix, The Land and the Book.

Middle School.—Harry Evans, Tennyson's Idylls; Cecil Flower, Life of Hannington; William Bartley, A Thousand Miles up the Nile; Leon Hirsch, Every Boy's Annual.

Lower School.—Maurice Melling, St. Winifred's Samuel Lawrance, Captured by Cannibals; Robert Roberts, In the Sunny South; Henry Russell, Æsop's Fables.

Special Prizes.—Divinity, Presented by F. W. Brownrigg, Esq.—1. Joseph Troyal, 2. Walter Richardson, Come Unto Me. Presented by Mr. Wright,—13. Herbert Wild, Canadian Pictures by the Marquis of Lorn.

Good Conduct Prize.

Charles Spooner—Marmion.

Latin Prize.

Geoffrey Sealy—Bowen's Virgil.

Cotton Scholarship—Isaac Meyer.

Prize for best batting average during the year.

Presented by Rev. F. N. Hill. Walter Leggett.

Standard Prizes.—Standard IX.—1 Geoffrey Sealy. Layard's Early Adventures in Persia; and 2. Arthur Cooper, Tribes on my Frontiers.

Standard VIII.—1 George Penstone, Macaulay's Essays; and 2, Fred Nissen, A History of Our Own Times.

Standard VII.—1 Alfred Casimir, English Poets, Addison to Blake; 2 Aaron Moses, Wild Life on the Land of the Giants and Arthur Curry, Macaulay's Works.

Standard VI.—1. Harry Evans, Through the Dark Continent; 2 Noel Poole, Lord Brabournes' Friends and Foes; and 3. James Tumber Tom Brown's School Days.

Standard V.—1. William Bartly Treasure island and 2. Peter Curtez, Sandford and Merton.

Standard IV.—1. Harry Nicker, English Poets—Wordworth to Rosetti; and 2. Maneckjee Cursetjee, Old Deccan Days.

Standard III.—1. Arthur Ardagh, Hans Anderson's Tales; and 2. Robin Greene, Lays of Rome; and Elias Sassoon, Grimm's Household Tales.

Standard II.—1. Bobert Roberts, The Child's Fairy History of England; and 2. Cecil Casimir' and John Page, Alice in Wonderland.

Standard I.—1. Henry Russel, Mrs. Ewing's Blue Bells, and 2. Hubert Kelly, Soldier's Children.

Sir Raymond West then addressed the assembly. He said :—

Ladies and Gentlemen,—If there is anything in the report which has been read to you to-day that calls for remark at all, it is the absence of any shade in the perfect picture presented. We know there ought to be both light and shade, but for any shade I have to go back many years in the history of the institution in whichwe are concerned to-day. And my mind, therefore, passes back to the time when it was still a struggling infant place of education, when no one could have anticipated the remarkable success and extent to which it has grown in our own time. It is many years now since I presided on an occasion which may be compared to this. It was in a house at Mazagon, where one of the original schools which were eventually amalgamated into the Cathedral High Schools, held its first annual celebration. I hoped for much then, but far more has been realised than any one could have anticipated. I think as education and the desire for education have extended all through India, this school may be regarded as a typical movement of our generation. I took an active part at a subsequent period, when the movement was set on foot, for forming a fund for the building of the Cathedral School, and that, too, as you are aware, has attained remarkable success, thanks partly to the curiosity of the public of this presidency, and in fact all India, thanks to the societies at home who have contributed largely, and thanks even more to the liberality of the Government which has handsomely contributed to the funds of the Cathedral High School, besides furnishing it with a site with which the directors or the managing body of the school have now grown somewhat discontented. It seems rather remarkable in reading the report that the completion of the final wing of the school should have been made a ground for stating that, having got so far, the managing body feel in the position to demand the removal of the institution elsewhere. But circumstances are stronger than our wills and intentions, and while the school has been growing to architectural perfection, the neighbourhood has been becoming, through the increase of traffic and the general increase of trade in Bombay, less and less fit for the institution which is placed in the midst of it. I believe there is the best possible ground for the desire of the managing body now to remove to a quieter neighbourhood—one in which the studies would be less interrupted, and in which there would be much more space for additional buildings and playgrounds for the children. The aid of Government has been so liberally contributed to the Cathedral High School in the past that it is needless for me to say that it has been the sympathy of Government in the highest degree. These are days in which the Government funds are drawn upon in many directions, and in which the influx of revenue very seldom does more than bravely meet the actual outgoings for the necessities which from year to year arise. Therefore, the Government has to be very sparing both in the matter of expenditure and promises; and I can only say this much, that with regard to any transfer of the institution that Government will be disposed to view favourably and in the kindliest spirit any proposition laid before it. And I may here say that the proposition now before it is being considered in the most kindly and generous spirit, and I hope arrangements will be made on the basis which, I understand, was with some difficulty settled between Mr. Lewis and His Excellency the Governor of Bombay. Wherever the school may be placed, I hope it will not be far from the Cathedral, for that is the point to which it centres; and I trust that it will be a place where there will be abundant air, so that the children who are pupils in the school may derive the perpetual benefit of inhaling the wholesome breezes from the sea, and preserve the healthy and joyous appearance they present to-day. I think you must all have felt that the report of Mr. Giles, the Educational Inspector, is corroborated, and more than corroborated, by the aspect presented by the children of the school, who furnish a picture on which we must all look with great pleasure; for never in Bombay have I seen collected together a body of children who in every way did more credit to their parents, their teachers, and themselves, so far as one may judge from outward appearance, their manners, and their deportment. (Applause.) The report speaks of these successes of the pupils of the school in the various scholarly departments to which it alludes. Some have succeeded in matriculation in the University. I believe the success of the pupils sent up for the University matriculation is a degree of success that can hardly be rivalled by any other institution in the presidency. One generally reads of about three or four thousand young men going up for matriculation, of whom six or seven hundred pass, so that the success of all sent up by this school is really remarkable, and does the greatest possible credit to Mr. Savage, the head-master of the school. (Applause.) I myself feel the more interest in the school through having been so long connected with the Bombay University. I feel an undergoing interest in that great institution, and I feel a greater interest than I should otherwise do, notwithstanding my long connection with it, because I know that Mr. Savage is an alumnus of the Bombay University and received a great part of his education in that valuable school and the Engineering College at Poona. (Applause.) Much has been said and much has been done in the school towards the physical training of the boys, and I hope the physical training of the girls is also not neglected, because they also, in a different way, require physical training. The report informs us that a singing class has been formed, and I hope next year we shall hear the good results of that class. So far as the performance of the young ladies sitting in front of the organ is concerned, I am sure we have been highly satisfied with the representation they have given us to-day. (Applause.) I have said something of the success of the pupils of this school at the University examination, but I must remind the pupils and all interested in this school that education is opening out in far different channels now from the old ones with which we were formerly contented. We find all about us a great increase in mercantile and commercial activity, and an incessant demand for information and capacity in ways which the old methods of education will not satisfy. I think the needs of our generation for the present have in a degree been met in the point of elementary education, by the institution of the final schools examination, which, I believe, is to come into activity during this year, and in which boys will be examined in a course which fits them, not for the duties of professors or masters of the learning of the old world, but rather ensures that proficiency in the knowledge requisite for active life which will make them useful members of mercantile and business society, which is springing up in such a wonderful way about us in Bombay. We have commerce extending, manufactories extending, and fresh demands for capacity in engineering and mechanical art; and I trust this school will by-and-bye make its mark in the art school, which is flourishing chiefly at present through the native pupils who attend it. I do not see why a school like the Cathedral High School should not now and then throw out some boy more or less a genius to take advantage of the art teaching as provided there, and working on a basis of good education, fill his mind with valuable ideas and take a very high position in the world of art, and so bring credit and honour to the institution he has left and to which he must retain an affection all the days of his life. (Applause.) It is quite certain that in our days education cannot afford to stand still. As new wants arise and new opportunities present themselves we find millions of rivals ready to step in and seize every vantage ground, and if we once lose this it will not be won again without incessant toil and perhaps at considerable waste of power. Therefore I would impress on all connected with this school that they should keep their eyes open, and while not losing their hold of the advantages of the older system of education as a means of training the mind, they should do all in their power not only to make themselves members of society and members of a great community, and in this way perform the part of good and godly citizens by the teaching they get in the older rudiments, also fit themselves for a sphere of special and specific activity as men of the world, men of commerce, or engineering skill, or whatever it may be by devoting sufficient attention to the physical sciences and the arts immediately connected with them It is quite certain that in this country the education which boys get and girls get in an institution of this kind is of the greatest benefit and destined to play a very important part in the future of India. I may say myself notwithstanding all the success attained from time to time by education, that education in India is really the greatest problem of the statesman and the philanthropist of this country, for by the turn which is given to men the stamp which is impressed upon them now will frame and settle what the materials are to be of the India of the future. I feel quite certain that a good education in all classes in this country is of more infinite importance, and the relations of one part of education to another are of more importance than any other work Government can do, or those interested in the welfare of society can do here. How great a field is open to an institution of this kind and how grateful we should be to seize every opportunity of improving and expanding the course of education which is imparted. The eyes of the managing body of the Cathedral High Schools are, I am happy to say, quite open to the necessities to which I have adverted, and I am sure that in such hands every effort will be made to make the training of the boys impart to them not only instruction but character. For in the India of the future as in the world of the future we must train up individuality of character and capacity to meet the hard blows of life, to stand up bravely against the rebuffs and to fight and determine that success shall be won. (Applause.) While we train our boys and girls in this independence of character, this capacity to meet the necessities of an active existence we are confronted with another problem. How is this independence of character to be conjoined with due development of the social tastes and habits. I think the only way this can be successfully done is by the interchange and interplay of sympathy between the teachers and the taught. And I think this school is to be congratulated perhaps more than any other I know on the excellent influences which have been brought to bear upon it. For years it has had the advantage of an excellent head-master and an excellent head-mistress, active and buoyant, and of good spirit, always ready with a kindly word, and over those superintending it, one or more of those devoted ladies who come out here to expend the fruits of their higher education, finer of accomplishments and lovely lives for the advancement of schools like this. (Applause.) I am glad to see so much attention is paid to Scripture teaching, which even from a secular point of view has manifold and manifest advantages, and, as I had occasion to say the other day, I think a good Christian education not only points out the way to salvation, but it fortifies the mind and furnishes the mind with a fund of ideas more in character with the current thought than it would otherwise be; and into better association with the governing ideas of society wherever civilization prevails, and wherever progress requires to be made. Therefore, from a secular point of view, a Christian education is of the utmost value in the singleness of purpose which it inculcates, and in the sympathies which it awakens for all that is good and noble amongst the achievements of mankind. The Bible in itself presents the greatest and most beautiful living romance ever laid before the eyes of human beings, and inculcates its morality, not in the dry way of mere precepts but by living examples which lay hold of the imagination and the heart and which are in themselves an evidence of the divine providence which has presided over such instruction. We hear now and again of the necessity for moral education in our schools and colleges, and schemes of morality have been suggested, but there is nothing like the living morality which you get from those living examples presented in the Bible, and the comments upon them, which that work, the greatest of sacred dramas presents to us on every page of it. Here is the real teaching which has been proved by example and by the test of ages and centuries to be the best the world has ever seen; for, look to it only in the secular sphere, you will find that it is a Christian nation, and in spite of all difficulties in which they were originally placed, they have forced themselves to the head of humanity, and to the head of civilization. (Applause.) I trust that these words will go home to the hearts of the boys and girls of this school; for the girls even more than the boys the Bible and the lively interchange of sympathies is more necessary than for any others. In the girls' education there must always be a marked difference as compared with the boys; and I do not think the quality of education for the two sexes implies at all identity of education. What we require, is that their faculties should be only appreciated and they should get an equal share of the development and exercise, and be equally fitted for what must be essentially in the main different spheres. This is so large a chapter in the world of education that I shall not venture to intrude upon it further, as it would require a whole day to end with it. But in the sphere in which they are both working I trust both boys and girls will still do as they have been doing in the past to second the generous and noble efforts which are made for their improvement. I have no doubt that many of the boys and some of the girls will rise to positions of wealth and distinction; and if they do, I hope they will not forget the institution to which they formerly belonged, and they will turn their generosity towards the foundation of scholarships and otherwise aid the school whose great benefits they have experienced and know so well. But further I would impress upon the boys especially the necessity and duty, if they get on in the world, of devoting a large portion of their wealth and their attention and care to the improvement and advancement of the school to which they belonged. I look upon it as a sacred duty of every young man who gets on in the world and has had the advantages of education such as is afforded here to do all in his power to enable others to follow him to attain a success which he himself has succeeded in attaining. (Applause.) Now boys and girls, you have had a great honour done you in having your prizes distributed to you to-day by the hands of two ladies, and I hope you will appreciate it. (Applause.) I have been wishing that I could be a boy again that I might prove that appreciation. (Applause). But as that cannot be, I endeavour, to far as I can by sympathy, to realise the happiness which you must have experienced in receiving the various beautiful books and other tokens of your success. I hope that the gaining of those prizes will stimulate both those who have won them to do better in the future and those who have not been successful to increase their energies if they have the capacity; if they have not, they should strive at all events to do their duty in the narrower sphere assigned to them, and to remember this :—

"Act well your part;
There all the honour lies."

And if you do well in your own sphere, you will satisfy the wishes of your friends and the desires of your parents. Think of the joy it is to them when you do your duty, and when you succeed in carrying off those prizes such as have been distributed to-day. I am sure you will strive to do your best to be diligent workers in the future, and so show your appreciation of the kind ladies who do so much to further your education and also of the kind ladies who have come here to manifest their sympathy and interest in your welfare, and are fellow-workers with you in the great work connected with the regeneration of India. I will only add this that Mrs. Scott, wife of my dear friend, the Honourable Mr. Justice Scott, has added two prizes to those distributed to-day. But a means has not yet been found for their proper disposition. So here is another stimulus to those who have already gained prizes and a fresh chance for those who have not yet gained any. (Loud applause.)

The Archdeacon of Bombay proposed a vote of thanks to Sir Raymond West for presiding, and to the ladies who had presented the prizes.

A boy next advanced and made a request on behalf of the school to Sir Raymond that he might ask a holiday for them.

Sir Raymond West said in reply he would ask the head-master to give them a holiday in his discretion. (Laughter.)

The Rev. Goldwyer Lewis called for three hearty cheers for Sir Raymond West, and for Mrs. Nugent and Mrs. Lyttelton, which were heartily given, and the proceedings terminated.

1,200 MILES ON A TRICYCLE.

MR. J. C. COPLAND, member the of Surrey Bicycle Club, England, and of the Sydney Bicycle, Club; Executive, New South Wales Cyclist Union, writes:—"I feel convinced I should never have been able to have successfully completed my tricycle journey of nearly twelve hundred miles from Sydney to Melbourne and back without St. Jacob's Oil, and it gives me great pleasure to express my thankfulness for the wonderful benefit I received from it. At the end of each day's journey I anointed myself all over with this restoring balm, and felt completely restrengthened and refreshed. I ate my food with renewed appetite, slept healthfully and as sound as a child. Once my ankle weakened and gave way, but one application of this sovereign cure set it right, and it did not again trouble me."

The Sydney, N.S.W., Australia, *Herald*, publishes the following editorial comment:—"Not only have England, India, Canada, Spain, France, New Zealand, Australia, and nearly every other civilised power under the sun recorded their grateful appreciation of the merit of St. Jacob's Oil, but we have besides received within the last few months spontaneous words of praise from the champion" cyclist of England and Australia, the champion youth walker of Australia, a sculler who has held the championship of the world, the champion sprinter, a cricketer of universal reputation, and a host of other less distinguished athletes, all of whom attribute their success in a great measure to St. Jacobs Oil. Unanimity of praise is as decided among athletes as among nations."

The *Bicyling News*, London, says that St. Jacob's Oil is without doubt one of the most useful articles a wheelman can have in case of a sprain or bruise.

SURGEON A. PETERKIN, M.B., will act as Civil Surgeon, Ahmednagar, in addition to his own duties.

DR. POLLEN will act at Ratnagiri in the absence of Mr. J. R. Middleton.

MR. T. HART-DAVIES, Assistant Judge, Bijapur, has been allowed six months' leave on medical certificate.

MR. R. S. TIPNIS, C.S., will act as District Judge and Sessions Judge of Poona during the absence of Mr. Whitworth.

CONSEQUENT upon the retirement of Colonel LeGeyt, Colonel Goodfellow, C.I.E., will be Political Superintendent, Palanpur (first grade); Lieut.-Colonel F. M. Hunter, C.B., C.S.I., Political Agent, Cutch (second grade); Lieut-Col. E. V. Stace, first Assistant Political Resident, Aden, and Political Agent, Somali Coast.

FROM the date of assumption by Colonel H. M. Phillips of the office of Political Superintendent, Savantvadi, Colonel Nutt will be first Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar, continuing to act as Political Superintendent, Palanpur; Captain W. B. Ferris, second Assistant, Kathiawar; Captain Wray, Second-in-Command, Kolhapur Infantry; and Lieut Merewether, Assistant Political Superintendent, Palanpur.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA SKY RACES.

BELOW is given the amended prospectus of the Gymkhana Sky Races to be held on Wednesday, 27th March and Saturday, 30th March 1889 :—

Stewards:—Mr. H. C. Burder, Capt. Olivier, Col. W. Merriman, R. E. Capt. Phayre, Mr. P. Bean, Mr. G. K. Remington, Mr. J. Littleton Symens, M. W. A. Bankier; and Mr. J. F. N. Graham, and Mr. F. A. Prevost, Joint Hony. Secretaries.

FIRST DAY, WEDNESDAY, 27th March 1889.

FIRST RACE.—"The Little-Go Steeple Chase."—(Closed.) For all ponies. 13-3 to carry 11 stone, 2 lb. allowed for every ½ inch under. Once round the course. About 1 ½ miles. Entrance Rs 5, added Rs. 99. For allowances and penalties, see Rules 6 and 14.

SECOND RACE.—"The Australasian Chase."—For Walers. 11 stone. About 2 miles. Entrance Rs. 5, added Rs 99. For allowances and penalties, see Rules 6 and 14.

THIRD RACE.—"The Gymkhana Grand National Chase."—For Arab and C. B. horses. 11 stone. About 2 miles. Entrance Rs. 10, added Rs. 150. For allowances and penalties, see Rules 6 and 14.

FOURTH RACE.—"The Bombay Gymkhana Cup."—Value Rs. 199. (Open) Distance ¾ mile. For Arab ponies that have never won a race prior to 1st March 1889, weight for age and inches—13-3 to carry 11 stone. Entrance, 9th March, Rs. 10; 23rd March, Rs. 15. Riders who have never won a race with Rs. 500 added, allowed 4 lb. Rs 200 added, 7lb. Winners at Bombay Meeting once, 7lb. extra; twice and oftener 10lb. extra. No entry will be accepted unless accompanied by entrance fee. Professional riders allowed.

FIFTH RACE.—"The Dealers' Stakes."—(Open.) Entrance, Rs. 10. Added Rs. 150. For Arabs, landed after 1st September 1889, weight for age, raised 14lb. Maidens of the day allowed 7lb. Winners of Rs. 100 and upwards once, 4lb.; twice, 7lb.; oftener 10lb. extra. Golloways allowed 7lb. Distance 1¼ miles. No entry will be accepted unless accompanied by entrance fee. Professional riders allowed.

SITH RACE.—"Byculla Stakes."—(Open) For all ponies 13-2 and under, that have never won a race. 13-2 to carry 11 stone, 2 lb. allowed for every ½ inch under. Gentlemen riders only. Distance 3 furlongs. Added Rs. 99. Entrance Rs. 5.

SECOND DAY, SATURDAY, 30th March 1889.

FIRST RACE.—"The Gymkhana Pony Chase."—For Arab and C. B, ponies, 13-3 to carry 11 stone; 2 lb. allowed for every ½ inch under. Once round the course, about 1 ½ miles. Entrance Rs. 5. Added Rs. 99. For allowances and penalties, see Rules 6 and 14.

SECOND RACE.—"The Gymkhana Steeple Chase."—(Closed.) For all horses. Walers to carry 12 stone. Arabs 10-7 stone; C. B.'s 10 stone. For allowances and penalties, see Rules 6 and 14. Once round the course, about 1½ miles. Entrance Rs. 5. Added Rs. 99.

THIRD RACE.—"The Gymkhana Pony Derby."—(Closed.) For all ponies. 13-3 to carry 11 stone; 2 lb. allowed for every ½ inch under. Distance 3 furlongs. Entrance Rs. 10. Value Rs. 199. Second horse Rs, 50. Third horse to save his stakes. Entrances to go to the Fund. For allowances and penalties, see Rules 6 and 14

FOURTH RACE.—"Mahaluxmi stakes."—(Open) For Arabs. Weight for age raised 14 lb., with allowances as follows:—Maidens 7lb.; Galloways 7lb.; horses landed after 1st September 1888, 7lbe Penalties, winners of Rs. 500 added once 4lb.; twice 7lb.; oftener 12lb. extra. Winners of Rs. 1,000 added money, in addition to other penalties, 7lb. extra.

Any horse claimable for Rs. 1,500. Distance R. C. Added Rs. 300.

Entrance 20th March ..... Rs. 15.
" 25th " ..... " 25.

with a sweep of Rs. 30 for each horse declared to start.

Declaration to start to be in the box on course by 12 p.m. the day before the race.

Half entrances to go to the Fund and half to the winner.

No entrance or starting declaration will be received unless accompanied respectively with entrance fee, and amount of starting sweep.

Professional riders allowed.

FIFTH RACE.—"The Ladies Bracelet.—" (Closed.) For all ponies 13-3, catch-weights over 11 stone. No allowances; no penalties. Ladies' nominations. Nominator of winner to receive a bracelet; stakes to go to the owner. Entrance Rs. 10. Distance, ½ mile.

1. W. I. T. C. Rules for Flat Races. Calcutta Rules for Steeple Chases, except as otherwise provided for.

2. For all purposes of this prospectus, ponies are 13-3 and under.

3. Races to take place on the Flats Race Course.

4. Horses and ponies in closed races to be *bona fide* the property of members of the Bombay Gymkhana, Bombay Hunt or Bombay Light Horse that have played polo, or hunted regularly, or appeared regularly on parade in Bombay up to the time of the meeting. Certificates of same from the Master of the Hounds, Gymkhana Polo Secretary or Commanding Officer of the Light Horse to accompany entries. In other races horses and ponies to be *bona fide* the property of members of any recognised Club or Gymkhana, or any of the services, except in the Bombay Gymkhana Cup and Dealers' Race.

5. Half entries to go to the winner, and half to the second horse, except where otherwise provided for.

6. C. B.'s and galloways allowed 7 lb, throughout the meeting, except where otherwise provided for.

7. Subscribers of Rs. 10 will receive tickets to the Grand Stand and enclosure. Owners running a horse or pony must subscribe Rs. 15 to the fund.

8. The Stewards reserve to themselves the right of altering the terms of this propectus, of raising or lowering the scale of weights in any race, or altering the dates, and the order of races, should circumstances render it advisable.

9. Gentlemen riders only, except the weights are below 9 stone 7 lbs when professionals are allowed. Colours to be worn.

10. Entries to close and be received by 4 P. M., on Saturday, the 23rd March, at the Bombay Gymkhana, except where otherwise provided for. Entries at double fees allowed for second day's racing to be made upon the day subsequent to the first day's racing.

11. Declarations to start, stating penalties and allowances must reach the Honorary Secretaries in writing before 1 P.M.; on Tuesday, 26th March, and Friday the 29th March 1889, with names and colours of riders and the weights to be carried. Anyone wearing colours other than those declared will pay a fine of one gold mohur to the fund.

12. Three horses to start in separate interests, or the added money will be witheld.

13. All galloways and ponies must be measured at the Race Course on the morning of Monday, 25th March, at 7'o clock. W. I. T. C. and C. T. C. and Bombay Gymkhana Polo certificates only will be accepted.

14. Winners of any race, including handicaps, value Rs. 50 added money or over once, 4 lb. extra twice, 7 lb. extra; oftener, 10 lb. extra. Winners on Flat to carry no penalty in steeple chase or over hurdles and *vice versa*. Winners in steeple chase car, by no penalty over hurdles and *vice versa*.

15. All objections must be made in writing to the Stewards, and accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 30, which will be forfeited, if in the opinion of the Stewards, the objection is frivolous.

16. The decision of the Stewards to be final as regards matters of fact.

17. All objections, except as regards the running of a race, to be made to the Honorary Secretary in writing before the ordinaries, which will be held at the Bombay Gymkhana at 5 P.M., on the day before the races.

18. Settling day, 3rd April 1889.

19. 5 per cent. of lotteries and *pari mutuel* to go to the Fund.

20. All letters to be addressed and entries made to

J. F. N. GRAHAM, } *Joint Honorary Secretaries,*
F. A. PREVOST, } *Sky Races, Bombay Gymkhana.*

THE house which the Queen was to occupy at Biarritz has been ready for her for the last month. The proprietor has furnished it for the royal visitor in the most elaborate style, and even the carpets are marked "V. R." This gentleman is M. Gaston de la Rochefoucauld, the eldest son of Count de la Rochefoucauld, who is a direct descendant of the famous epigrammatist immortalised by many pungent sayings. The Count lives at Geneva. M. Gaston, by the way, is an intimate friend of Sir Robert Morier.

M. MELINE, who all but became the new French Premier, is a barrister by profession. He was born in 1838, and was the assistant mayor in the first *arrondissement* of Paris in 1871. He was elected a member of the Commune, but did not sit. In 1872 he was elected to the National Assembly, and has been a moderate sort of Opportunist. He voted against the amnesty to political exiles. He was Minister of Agriculture in Ferry's Cabinet from 1883 to 1885. He had formerly been a free-trader, but, like a consistent Opportunist, supported the imposition of the duty on cereals in 1885. He created the order of the *mérite agricole*, an absurd decoration for persons connected with agriculture. This is one of the most notable services he has rendered to his country.

HIGH COURT.—MARCH 14.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice SCOTT.)

AN ACTION AGAINST THE B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY COMPANY.

HAJEE SHER MAHOMED *vs.* THE B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY COMPANY.

JUDGMENT was delivered in the case to-day. The particulars of the case are mentioned in the judgment.

His Lordship said: I cannot help thinking that if the defendant company in this suit had consulted their legal advisers in the first instance the present litigation would have been avoided. The facts are as follows:—The plaintiff on the 8th November last advanced Rs. 2,500 on security of a railway receipt for 272 bags of wheat, which were in the custody of the defendant company as carriers. The plaintiff on the same day presented the receipt, and the company gave three delivery orders. A certain number of the bags were placed in carts hired by the plaintiff. But before any of the carts had left the premises the goods were detained by the company, in consequence of a telegram from the vendor. The plaintiff says that as a condition of delivery to him he offered, and the company agreed to accept, an indemnity against any other claims upon the goods. The defendants denied in their written statement that they agreed as alleged. They say they are, and always were, ready to deliver to the rightful owners, but that a consignee, an unpaid vendor, and a third person have respectively claimed the goods. They say the plaintiff should have made these three persons party defendants. Meanwhile the goods have been sold to avoid expense. Thus the defendants were mere stakeholders of property, to which there were rival claims, but having themselves no title or interest in the goods. The law has provided the procedure of interpleader for such a case. The company might at once have interpleaded, that is to say, called upon the claimants to prove their claims and left it to the Court to decide which was right. As Dr. Lushington said in the case of the Tigress "the stakeholders can always protect himself by filing an Interpleader" (32 L. J. Ad. 97). But the company did not take this course. It might have taken the alternative course offered by the plaintiff of handing the goods over to him on his giving them a satisfactory indemnity against all other claims. The traffic manager would not however consent to this, and his assistant had not the power to consent. The traffic manager took a third course. He said that the plaintiff must bring all the claimants before the Court, and prove his case against them. I do not think this was the right procedure. I doubt if the plaintiff had any right of action against the other claimants, whilst he had a distinct right as against the company, who were in possession of the goods. The company possibly might have applied to have the other claimants joined as defendants; but they could not have obliged the plaintiff to do so. The proper procedure applicable to the circumstances is laid down by the Code in the interpleader chapter (S. S. 47 & 478 and *see* Crawshaw *vs.* Thornton, 2 M. and C. 1). The company was undoubtedly offered a satisfactory indemnity on the 10th November. As they refused it and did not interplead, I think they have put themselves in the wrong. The offer made by them on the 17th December, being made without prejudice, was equivalent to no offer. The offer on 15th January insisted on their costs being paid them, to which I do not think they were entitled. The case then came on for hearing. After it was opened, a postponement was agreed upon in under that the company might meet a new case set up by the plaintiff to the effect that the company had agreed to hand over the goods on an indemnity. The case came on again for hearing, and I do not think the plaintiff proved the alleged agreement to have been made in a binding form, as it was not proved to have been made by any one with authority to make it on behalf of the company. I need not, therefore, go into the evidence on this point, which was of a conflicting character. The plaintiff also set up a case of such a delivery having taken place as to transfer the property of the goods to him. Some of the goods were certainly put into carts hired by the plaintiff, but the carts could not leave the railway yard without a gate-pass, and the goods were recalled by the company before the gate-pass was issued. I did not think they had parted with the control of even part of the goods, and consequently there was no delivery. The company on their side set up no title of their own. They only alleged as *jus tertii*, which they did not prove. The plaintiff held the railway receipt by which the company bound itself to deliver the goods to the consignee of the goods or his endorsee. As there is no unpaid vendor before the Court, although notice have been given him through his *munim* of this suit, I do not think I need go into the question whether this receipt is a document of title. But I may point out that of the two cases cited against railway receipts being documents of title, the one decided by Jardine, J., was on the similar receipt that had not been endorsed, and the one decided by Farran, J., was on a receipt of a much more restricted character. Comparing the terms of this receipt with the Contract Act, section 108, and the definition of "document of title" given by the English Factors' Act I find it difficult to say it is not included. I think, under all the circumstances of the case, the plaintiff is entitled to the goods or their value as realised on his giving an indemnity as offered on the 10th November, and on his paying the charges due at that date. As regards the costs, the case comes within the rule laid down in Laing *vs.* Sedon (9 ch. app. 736), where Sir G. Mellish says:—"The only case in which the stakeholder obtains his costs is when he has filled a bill of interpleader." If the plaintiff had not raised the additional case he would have been entitled to all his costs. But the case was adjourned on account of the new case and a considerable portion of the two subsequent days' hearing was taken up by it. The plaintiff's costs must be paid by defendant, but must include the costs of only one day's hearing. Plaintiff to pay to defendants their costs of filing additional written statement.

A CLAIM TO AN ESTATE.

IN the matter of the Administrator-General's Act 2 of 1874, and in the matter of the estate of Robert Bakeman Wilkins, deceased.

This was an application for the recovery of the estate of Robert Bakeman Wilkins, deceased, amounting in all to about Rs. 14,500, now in the hands of the Accountant-General of Bombay. Mr. Anderson, instructed by Messrs. Crawford and Buckland, appeared for the petitioners; and Mr. Russell, instructed by the Government Solicitor, appeared on behalf of Government.

Mr. Anderson said, the application was made on behalf of the three surviving heirs of the deceased, George Weston, F. W. Cherry, and Marsia Weft. It appeared that Mr. Wilkins died in England in 1829. The amount claimed, the learned counsel said, was paid to the Accountant-General in 1855 by the Administrator-General after it had remained in his hands for a certain period of time unclaimed. The petitioners claimed the whole of the money, and the Accountant-General had acknowledged having held the money as belonging to the deceased Robert Bakeman Wilkins. It appeared now on further investigation that a larger portion of that money were found part of the estate of the deceased. The larger portion of the sum, namely, about Rs. 12,000, must be taken as having come to the deceased as administrator of an illegitimate son of his who died in 1821. The son being an illegitimate one, his father could not be the heir to the money, which, however, came to his hands on the death of the son. The petitioners did not claim this portion of the sum as a right, but they intended claiming it as a matter of grace from the Government. The money was always understood to be the father's money; and the Accountant-General had acknowledged it to be such.

Mr. Russell, on behalf of Government, submitted that the petitioners were not entitled to the larger amount which did not belong to the deceased. The claim which was made upon the money was not a valid one, while the lesser amount was the accumulation of interest upon the larger amount.

His Lordship dismissed the claim, and directed the costs of Government to be paid out of the funds now in the hands of the Accountant-General.

MR. W. PORTEUS, C.S., acting Collector of Salt Revenue, has been allowed two months and seventeen days' privilege leave.

MR. A. H. UNWIN, acting District Judge and Sessions Judge of Hyderabad, has been allowed furlough for nine months on medical certificate. Colonel G. C. Grant, District Judge and Sessions Judge of Karachi, has been appointed to act in the absence of Mr. Unwin in addition to his own duties.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering with the pain of cutting teeth, go at once to a chemist, and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste. It produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from the pain, and the little cherub, awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind,

PURE PERSONALITIES.

THERE are many who venture to dispute the applicability of the proud title, England's "only General," to Lord Wolseley. What of Sir. F. Roberts ? they ask. Sir F. Roberts, after the exploit of his march from Cabul to Candahar, was called by his worshippers "the Xenophon of the Anglo-Indian Army." Being a modest man, Xenophon used to say that his worshippers' admiration did him more harm than good.

***

It is to be noted, remarks a home paper that Xenophon has been entrusted with the duty of a military tour over India, especially through Central India, Rajpootana and the Punjab. His arrival in Rajpootana was well timed—especially after the decision of so many of its Chiefs to offer their assistance, in men and money, in the work of Imperial defence. By the way, if Sir Frederick Roberts' tour is to last for a very considerable time he is beginning it pretty late. In another fortnight it will be piping hot, in Central India more praticularly. But he has just enough time to make a flying visit to the chief military stations before the new viceroy, Lord Lansdowne, and his Court start from Calcutta for "the hills."

***

Sir Edward Arnold, the editor of the *Daily Telegraph*, has always appeared at private functions, art views and the like, in a large skull cap. Sir Edwin's conduct was no mere social eccentricity, but was due to the fact that a large tumor had gathered on his head. We are glad to learn that this has now been removed, and the skull cap will therefore disappear. Sir Edwin has reason to be proud of his toughness, for it is not so long ago that he underwent an operation for abscess in the liver, a complaint which is generally fatal. It was at this time that Sir Edwin discovered that the consolations of Buddhism were not adequate in a severe trial.

***

Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji ought to be a happy man, observes a London daily. The Prime Minister made a passing allusion to him in a speech, and he awoke next morning and found himself famous. The other day he was again entertained, this time at a breakfast by the Newcastle Liberal Club. If this kind of thing goes on much longer, it will be the duty of Mr. Naoroji to give a complimentary banquet to Lord Salisbury.

***

Mr. Harry Quilter, who has just resigned the post of art critic of the *Spectator*, after holding it for thirteen years, is a rich working journalist. He is brother of Mr. Cuthbert Quilter, M. P., and at the recent death of his father (who was senior partner in the firm of Quilter, Ball, and Co., accountants) he came in for £1000,000. Mr. Quilter lives in the White House, Tite-street, Chelsea, one of the prettiest houses in London. It was originally built for Mr. Whistler by the late Mr. E. W. Godwin, and contains a theatre as well as an extremely large studio. Mr. Quilter paints a little himself, and if not a popular, he was at least an honest art critic. He is rapidly winning a high place for the *Universal Review*. Mr Quilter is a tall fair man, and he has recently worn a short beard. He was once engaged to Miss Fortescue.

***

Pretty Miss Fortescue, like a Peri at the gates of Paradise, was waiting outside the Law Courts the other morning evidently bent on seeing all that was to be seen. She had on an exquisite sealskin and a dainty little olive-green bonnet, which made her look perfectly sweet. But the "Bobby," who "had his orders" could not let her in without a ticket, and she was going away disconsolate, when a passing friend, who had a special letter for admission by the early doors with a party of ladies, included her in the party. But this was not before she had cross-examined the policeman with a skill begotten of legal experience, as to all the details of the procedure of the Commission. Above all she was anxious to know when Mr. Parnell was likely to give evidence, so that she might secure a seat in the front row on that occasion.

***

Mrs. Lynn Linton, like a good many fierce writers, is personally one of the mildest and sweetest of women. She talks in a soft voice, though her opinions are pronounced. She has the air of an old marquise, with her strong aquiline Norman nose, surmounted by large pince-nez and strong Norman features. She lives quietly and works incessantly in Queen Anne's Mansions, and is enthusiastic on the delights of dwelling in that caravanserai, free from all the small cares of housekeeping and the trials of domestics.

***

Colonel Turner, Divisional Magistrate in the south-west of Ireland, whom Mr. Healy, in open Court, too, called "a sneak," and whose claim to the title Colonel he, Healy, disputes, is a pleasant, good-natured gentleman, whatever his opponents may say to the contrary. Colonel Turner discharges his difficult duties with marked consideration.

***

He is a wiry, neat, alert, and gentlemanly-looking man, somewhat under middle height, iron-grey, clean-shaven, but with a thick moustache. In his usual garb he resembles neither a Colonel, nor a Magistrate. He goes about in gaiters, a monkey-jacket, and a tight-fitting cap, with a peak and front, and he carries a riding-whip—for he rides, on most of his rounds. But in Ireland there is nothing singular in this costume. It would be correct to say he has never yet directed an eviction which he did not do his utmost to conduct mercifully, and without the final resource to force.

***

As for Colonel Turner's claim to the title Colonel, Mr. Healy asks him to produce his commission in Court. Colonel Turner is known as Colonel Turner over a wider area than that of Ireland. He is a distinguished Artillery officer, who, as Colonel Turner, and nobody else, conducted to a completely successful conclusion one of the most difficult and delicate operations of the late Soudan campaign—the evacuation of Dongola, in other words, the transmission down the Nile, a distance of over a thousand miles, of a whole fugitive population of men, women, and children. It was said of Colonel Turner at the time that he did not leave a cat, dog, or stick behind.

***

Count Von Moltke, the great German strategist, is a profound lover of music. There is no more constant attendant at the State Concerts than the old Field-Marshal, who sets the audience a needed example of close and constant attention. He is, also, an excellent performer on the pianoforte, and to day, even at his advanced age, takes a delight in playing. The *virtuosi* of Berlin often gather at the Field-Marshal's house, and regale him with quartettes and sextetes. It is largely owing to Von Moltke's efforts that German regimental music has attained its present pitch of perfection. The great strategist holds that the band "blowing martial sounds" is an absolute essential to a regiment.

***

Poor old Lesseps ! In December, 1886, the Corporation of Southampton entertained him sumptuously in honour of his forthcoming visit to Panama. It was a grand afternoon banquet, with the Mayor and his colleagues in their robes. The whole town turned out to welcome the illustrious Frenchman. The speeches in which he was belauded were, he said, quite intelligible to him—though he could not speak a word of English. He himself, of course, spoke in French. Everybody marvelled when the man of eight-two jumped up, with youthful alacrity, to take his turn at the oratory. He looked fifty-five. They all cheered him vociferously when he prophesied that in three years ships from Southampton would find a short cut to the far East *via* Panama. The latest news is that the last workman on the Panama Canal will take his leave next month. The great project has collapsed at last. It is already known as "Lesseps' Folly."

***

Mr. Prinsep, A.R.A., commonly called "Val," which is a corruption of Valentine, a name given to him because he was born on 14 Feb., is fifty years of age. He first saw the light in Calcutta, but left India while still a child, and did not revisit that country until 1877, when he went to paint the picture of Lord Lytton's great Durbar at Delhi.

***

Val Prinsep was intended for the Civil Service, and his father sent him to study at Hailesbury, but he soon showed a disinclination for office work. He had often expressed a wish to become an artist, and that wish was at last gratified. For some time he studied under Mr. Watts, and on leaving him he went to Paris, and received instruction from the celebrated Gleyre, who numbered among his pupils Mr. Whistler and Mr. Poynter. In 1862 Mr. Prinsep exhibited "Bianca Capella," this being the first picture of his to grace the walls of the Royal Academy. He has tried his hand at portrait painting, and produced an excellent likeness of Gordon in a Mandarin dress.

***

Mr. Prinsep uses his pen as well as his brush. Mr. Hare produced a pretty little comedy of his called "Cousin Dick," at the Court Theatre, a few years ago. Physically he is a big burly man nearly six feet three inches in his stockings, and weighs about nineteen stone. In 1884 he married Miss Leyland, a lady some years younger than himself.

***

Says a country critic :—"Mrs. McCallum, the recently divorced wife of the artist, is one of the beauties who have been well known in society, though not a society beauty. She is fair, with the loveliest tint of hair, and a small mouth so exquisitely shaped that Cupid's bow is a mere mockery of it. In no *salon* in which she appeared was she or could she be ignored.

NEW PIANOFORTES
WITH TRANSPOSING APPARATUS.

THIS Apparatus is a most useful improvement recently introduced in a most perfect form. By a simple arrangement the Pitch can be lowered or raised a semi-tone, a tone, or several tones. In this manner Soprano or Tenor songs can be instantaneously transposed, so as to render the Accompaniment adaptable to Contralto, Baritone or Bass voices this advantage will be at once seen by all Singers.

MESSRS. MARCKS & Co. LD., have just received a beautiful Stock of these Pianos, manufactured especially to stand the Indian Climate with Solid Iron Frames, and they can confidently recommend them to stand the severest tests, as better Pianos have never before come to India, and invite an early Inspection.

PRICES IN EITHER AMERICAN, WALNUT, OR BLACKWOOD.

No. 1 (to change	2 semi-notes)	... ...	... Rs.	750
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,, 3 ,,	5 ,, ,,	to 1 Octave, with new Tuning Apparatus ...	... ,,	1,300

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PEARS'
TRANSPARENT
SOAP.
For the Complexion.
For the Hands.
For the Arms.
For the Neck.
For the Face.
For the Bath.

PURE, DELIGHTFUL, FRAGRANT, REFRESHING.

Mrs. LANGTRY writes:—"I have pleasure in stating that I have used Pears' Soap for some time, and prefer it to any other.

Not an Emulsion and consequently does not contain an equal quantity of (or any) water charged for at the price of Oil.

Has the natural very pale colour & the slight taste, a pleasant one.

Preserved in its pristine purity by Capsules.

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The following preparations, of which we are the ORIGINAL Makers, are thoroughly reliable. They may be obtained from our appointed Agents (see below), in Bottles, 3s., 5s. and 10s. each (English money), the 10s. Bottle containing sufficient for a course of three weeks. Two 10s. Bottles may be obtained direct from the makers' laboratory, carriage paid to any post town in India or Australia, by remitting Post Office Order for 21s.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 5), containing 1-25th gr. Phosphorus.
Dr. KIRBY says: "Experience fully warrants the administration of Phosphorus in this dose" in severe attacks of Neuralgia and cases of extreme Nervous Exhaustion; it gives excellent results, taken with food three or four times a day."

PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 3), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is a valuable combination of two powerful restoratives. As a *nutrient tonic* it gives power to the brain and spinal cord, imparts tone to the digestive organs, increases functional activity and improves the condition of the whole system. It is largely employed in India during convalescent stages of intermittent and remittent fevers. It is an excellent remedy for *Malaise* induced by the climate, and is a good prophylactic against *Malaria*.

PHOSPHORUS AND IRON PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 7), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is given with great advantage in *Anæmia, Sciatica*, and other Neuralgic affections, also in the treatment of convalescence from fever and other debilitating diseases. It is an excellent chemical food for anæmic children, and a good adjuvant to a course of cod liver oil.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula No. 6), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
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PHOSPHORUS, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 4), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
The use of this combination will be gathered from what has been said of the previous Formulæ, Nos. 3 and 6.
For a similar combination with Iron, see No. 9.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 9), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus, with Iron, Quinine and Strychnia.
This combination of nerve tonics has a very large application It is efficacious in all disorders which are characterised by impoverished blood and diminished nerve power, especially in that low condition of the general health which is induced by overwork, dissipation, and excesses of various kinds. In this state iron and phosphorus is strongly indicated. In Constitutional Syphilis it has a high remedial power, by improving the condition of the blood and by stimulating its regenerative power. It is exceedingly energising and strength-giving. As a tonic for convalescents recovering from fever and other exhausting diseases it is unequalled.

STRONG PHOSPHORUS, IRON, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 17), containing 1-25th gr. Phosphorus.
This is double the strength of No. 9 as regards Phosphorus and Quinine, and therefore should be prescribed *only* in cases where the larger dose of Phosphorus is needed.

PHOSPHORUS, CANTHARIDES & NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 20), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
This pill produces no irritation of the gastro-intestinal mucous membrane, but operates as a gentle stimulant to the genito-urinal organs. It is especially useful in premature failure of power, induced by passive discharges due to debility. It is useful also as a *stimulating emmenagogue* in obstinate cases of *Amenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa*, and *Atony of the Uterus*.
Formula No. 30 contains Iron, and as a tonic is most suitable for *feeble, anæmic* females.

For fuller particulars of other Combinations, Medical Men are invited to apply to the Agents for descriptive pamphlet, supplied free of charge.

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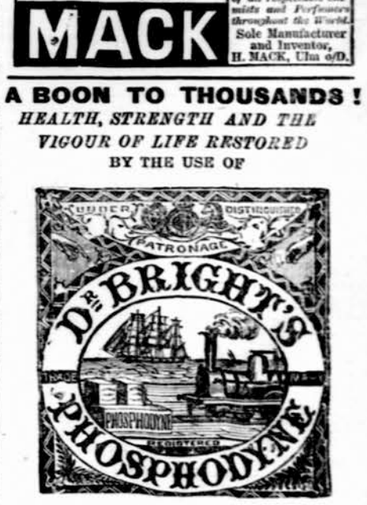

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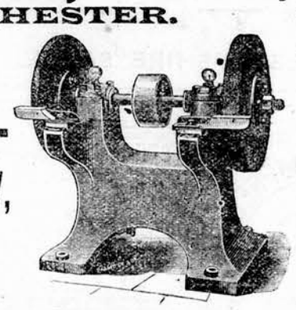

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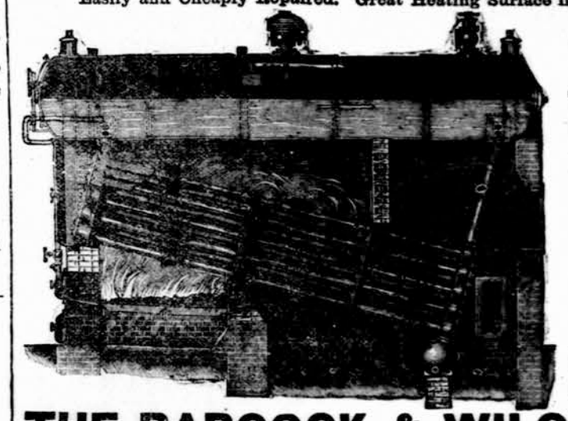

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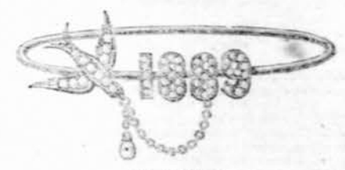

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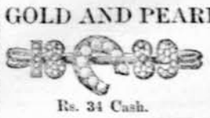

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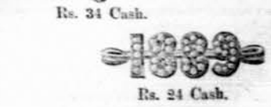

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